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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

VOL. LXIX.---NO. 107. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1902. WHOLE NO. 10,743

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Six persons killed, a hundred persons injured, and property damaged was the result of an explosion at the Park avenue shaft of the Rapid Transit tunnel in New York city. —— Norwegian steamer Daggery stranded near Gull shoals life saving station, N. C.; the crew was landed safely. —— Daring train robbery near Branchville, S. C., last evening; the two iron safes of the express car were carried off by the robbers. —— Heavy fog in New York; business was at a stand still. —— The American Tobacco Company, New York, has purchased a factory in Cuba. —— Postoffice at Walterboro, S. C., robbed by burglars. —— Dr. Lachlan Tyler, son of President Tyler, died yesterday in New York. —— The ransom for the release of Miss Stone has been paid to the brigands. —— Dr. Zeigler, of Lancaster, Pa., fatally wounded his wife and then killed himself at a hotel in Chicago. —— Ex-President Cleveland and party are having good sport near Georgetown, S. C. —— S. M. Kimball, president of the Apalachicola Lumber Co., committed suicide. —— New York markets: Money on call easy at 2½@3 per cent.; the market closed, bid and asked, at 2 per cent; cotton quiet at 8 5-16c; flour weak and a shade lower; wheat—spot easy; No. 2 red 86¾c; corn—spot quiet; No. 2, 66c; rosin steady; spirits steady at 44½@45c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 27.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 60 degrees; 8 P. M., 60 degrees; maximum, 75 degrees; minimum, 56 degrees; mean, 66 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .04; rainfall since 1st of the month to date, 1.19 inches.

STORM WARNING.

The Weather Bureau sent out advisory warnings at 3:15 P. M. to points along the coast from Savannah to Norfolk. Brisk to high northwest winds, with rain, were predicted. The cold wave signal, also, was displayed.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—For North Carolina: Clearing and much colder Tuesday, with a cold wave in the central and western portions and at night in the eastern portion; brisk northerly winds; Wednesday, fair, continued cold.

Port Almanac---January 28.

Sun Rises	7.03 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.23 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 20 M.
High Water at Southport	11 08 A. M.
High Water Wilmington	1.38 P. M.

Last year it is said that 119 persons lost their lives while climbing the Swiss Alps. When people are ambitious to climb they must take the chances.

The new Ameer of Afghanistan is opposed to missionaries in his country. Judging from his pictures he wouldn't object to eating one occasionally.

Just as if we hadn't fever incubators and propagators enough, an English doctors has discovered an insect in South Africa which makes that its special business.

Utah leads all the States as a sheep raiser. She has between 8,000,000 and 9,000,000. The Territory of New Mexico comes next with about 6,000,000. Cheap pasturage.

People who had doubts as to how many "infant" industries there still are in this country may form some idea from the squalling going on since reciprocity has been broached.

After July 1st of this year the only pistol recognized as totable by law in South Carolina must be twenty-two inches long and weigh not less than three pounds. This means to shoulder it or carry a meal bag hip pocket.

Frank Saxton, a nephew of Mrs. McKinley, lost a $7 a day job in the immigrant office at New York where he was an assistant inspector, for not attending to business properly and permitting immigrants to land who should have been kept out.

Much of the tabulating and adding work in the last census was done by machines, the inventor of which is said to have received about $750,000 for the use of the machines. The machines could probably have been bought from him for a third, or less, of that.

Skinner Cook, of Morristown, N. J., manages to spend most of his time in jail. He was put in the other day for the 158th time for being too demonstrative in his patriotism. He was trying to embrace the soldier on top of a monument in the park.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Heinsberger's Palace Pharmacy.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Standard Oil barge No. 58 went to sea Sunday at 3 P. M.

— "Dr." Ashenback will be here in a few days to talk baseball.

— Capt. John H. Robinson, of Fayetteville, is authorized to receive subscriptions and receipt for moneys due the STAR.

— Two excellent sermons were preached by the Rev. Hight C. Moore, of Newbern, at the First Baptist church Sunday.

— A number of valuable city directories have been presented to the Chamber of Commerce by the Hill Directory Company, of Richmond. The list includes a splendid business directory of New York City.

— The schooner *Edgar C. Ross* arrived yesterday with fertilizer from Baltimore for the Armour Company. Schooners *Cumberland*, from St. Pierre, and *Nellie W. Howlett*, from Philadelphia, also arrived yesterday.

— The class of boys led by Mrs. A. S. Holden at the First Baptist Sunday school Sunday afternoon won the prize in the vocal contest. The class of girls was led by Mr. Geo. E. Leftwich. The judges were Mrs. C. O. Byerly, Mrs. W. H. Alderman and Miss Brooks.

— The STAR was in error Sunday in stating that Dr. Stagg, of Charlotte, would address the Presbyterian congregations of the city the same day on the Twentieth Century movement. Dr. Stagg went to Newbern for appointments Sunday, but will come here later.

— The musical event of the season is the organ recital at Grace M. E. church to-night by Prof. Wm. C. Carl. Prof. Carl goes from Wilmington to give a recital on the handsome Moller organ at the Charleston Exposition on Wednesday afternoon.

SCHOONER "MARY L. CROSBY."

Board of Survey Held Yesterday—The Vessel's Value and Her Cargo.

A Board of Survey was held yesterday afternoon aboard the schooner *Mary L. Crosby* at the instance of Mr. F. S. Pendleton, of the firm of Pendleton Bros., owners of the vessel, who arrrived Sunday morning. The Board consisted of Col. Thos. Evans, Capt. E. D. Williams and Mr. W. N. Harriss. Upon the report of the Board the salvage claim of the *Jones* will be determined. It will likely go up into the thousands, as the vessel with cargo is very valuable and was abandoned when she was taken in tow.

When Captain Trimm left Florida with the ill-fated *Crosby* he had a cargo of about 400,000 feet of lumber, consigned to R. R. Sizer & Co., of New York. The schooner is now at Skinner's marine railway and will likely effect temporary repairs there.

Negro Stole Watch.

Alex Holoway, a negro youth, was arrested Sunday afternoon at Front and Princess streets by Policeman E. R. Chadwick, charged with the larceny of a watch from Moses Divine, colored. Divine says Holoway asked him for the time of day on the wharf and when he produced his watch Holoway snatched it and ran. The case was postponed yesterday by the Mayor to give Holoway a chance to employ counsel.

Relaying Sidewalks.

Superintendent of Streets Woolard yesterday put a force of hands at work relaying and bringing up to the level of the new curbing, the brick sidewalk on south side of Princess between Second and Third streets. To-morrow work will commence on the same side of Princess between Third and Fourth streets. The work is badly needed and will be a great improvement to that section of the street.

Prisoners from Onslow.

Deputy Sheriff Sanders, of Onslow county, yesterday brought to the city for terms of twelve months each on the county roads, Edward F. Littleton, white, and Reuben Winley, colored, who were sentenced last week by Judge Timberlake for assault and battery and larceny, respectively. They will be sent to the convict squad at Castle Haynes to-day.

Diphtheria Quarantine.

The quarantine for diphtheria at the residence of Chief Charles Schnibben, of the Fire Department, Fourth and Dock streets, was lifted yesterday. His little son, Charles, Jr., has entirely recovered. A quarantine for the same disease was yesterday established at the residence of Mr. D. H. Lippitt, 115 South Second street. His little son Maxwell, aged 5 years, is the sufferer.

Howard Relief Anniversary.

The 46th anniversary ball of the Howard Relief Fire Engine Company will be given in Germania Hall on the night of Feb. 11th. The following committee has all arrangements in hand and promises everybody a good time on this occasion; Messrs. M. G. Tienken, (chairman), C. F. VonKampen, J. W. H. Fuchs, H. Gieschen and P. N. Fick.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Seacoast Road—Notice.
Opera House—For lease.
Sheriff—Notice to jurors.
Hinton Bros.—Delicatessen.
Hall & Pearsall—Best seed pays.
Organ Recital—By William C Carl.
H. J. Bierman & Co.—Remove paint
Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.—Take notice.

MET AND ADJOURNED.

That Was the History of the New Hanover Superior Court Yesterday.

QUESTION OF CALENDARS.

Lawyers Found the One Insisted Upon by Judge Timberlake Impracticable and So They Continued Their Cases. Proceedings of the Term.

The January term of New Hanover Superior Court, Judge E. W. Timberlake presiding, convened yesterday morning at 10 o'clock and adjourned yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Owing to some confusion over the arrangement of a calendar, all cases on the trial docket for the day were continued. Those set for to-day and to-morrow were also called and continued. As the calendar arranged by Judge Timberlake did not suit the local attorneys and as he would not approve an arrangement submitted by them and better suited to their convenience, a tacit understanding was effected by the members of the bar of the city last week to continue all their cases. Yesterday morning as the ten cases set for trial during the day were called one by one, they were continued "by consent" by the attorneys interested. When the fifth case was called and the customary "continued by consent" rang out in the court room, and something was said about the day on which it would be heard next term, Judge Timberlake said:

"Gentlemen, at the next term I'll let you all arrange the calendar to suit yourselves. I'll have nothing to do with it."

Then he called the next case and on down the list until all cases "went over." The motion docket was then taken up and the divorce mill started until some half dozen or more marriage vows were dissolved by the court as follows:

Jas. H. Burris vs. Annie Y. Burris.
C. B. Willis vs. Thomas J. Willis.
Thos. J. Belcher vs. Anna B. Belcher.
T. H. Hall vs. Mary Hall.
Henry Hartsfield vs. Barbara Hartsfield.

The two last named coupled are colored; the others white.

Upon agreement of counsel for both sides, it was ordered that the damage suit of Penny against the railroad be set for the first case on the first Tuesday of next term. It was set at this term to be tried to-day. A notable array of counsel is now employed in the suit, those for the plaintiff being Messrs. Bellamy & Bellamy, E. K. Bryan, Eugene S. Martin, A. J. Marshall and Herbert McClammy. Those for the railroad are Messrs. Rountree & Carr, Bellamy & Peschau and Junius Davis.

In the $100,000 damage suit brought by N. L. Smith against the Ludden & Bates Southern Music House, Herbert McClammy, Esq., of counsel for the defendants lodged a motion to transfer to the Federal Court for trial. The motion was continued and Judge Timberlake said he would take the matter under advisement.

A motion was granted to Junius Davis, Esq., for judgment by default in the case of Mary E. Graffiin against F. E. Grafflin, involving the title to some property. Ex-Judge Bryan and Geo. L. Peschau, Esq., resisted the motion but were overruled.

Upon argument, Judge Timberlake refused to set aside the verdict in a trivial case entitled Wm. Simon vs. Dan Benton.

The cases on the trial docket for yesterday were continued in the morning and in the afternoon the cases set for to-day and to-morrow likewise "went over."

The case of I. J. Sternberger vs. I. Shrier and wife was set for a hearing for the first case on the first Thursday of next term and that of T. G. Williams vs. Interstate Telephone and Telegraph Company was set for the first case on the first Monday of next term. All the remainder of the cases on the trial docket were without special designation for trial at the next term, Judge Timberlake leaving those matters entirely with the attorneys.

The jurors summoned for the first week all answered to their names and were duly sworn except Mr. M. L. Stover, who was excused on account of his occupation—train dispatcher. They were needed however, only for the trial of the few divorce cases given above. In the advertising columns of to-day's STAR Sheriff Stedman gives notice that jurors summoned for the second week need not attend.

Upon the calling up from the motion docket of the damage suit of Dr. T. S. Burbank against the Bell Telephone Company, Junius Davis, Esq., counsel for the defendant, moved to transfer to the Federal Court on the ground among others that the company is a New York corporation. Judge Bryan resisted the motion as counsel for the plaintiff and the matter was left open for Judge Timberlake's further consideration.

The complaint in the case, filed yesterday, alleges that complainant rented a 'phone for the period of one year from March 1899 and paid in advance therefor; that the plaintiff is a practicing physician in the city of Wilmington and that the 'phone was rented from the defendant for the purpose of establishing a more direct and speedy intercourse between the plaintiff and such of his patients who had the Bell 'phone; that on Aug. 6th, 1899, while the contract between the plaintiff and the defendant was in full force and effect and after the plaintiff had paid the price agreed upon for the said 'phone, the defendant over the protest of the plaintiff and for the purpose of injuring him, without cause or excuse, and to gratify its personal ill will and feeling, unlawfully and wilfully entered upon the premises of the plaintiff and removed the 'phone in order to disconnect the plaintiff from his customers, and to wilfully and deliberately injure him.

For the reasons alleged above $5,000 punitive and $50 actual damages are asked.

The habeas corpus proceedings brought by Capt. W. W. Taylor, an A. C. L. conductor, for the recovery of his little daughter, was continued until the term beginning March 24th and the child was ordered kept by Mr. T. J. Herring under the former order.

In seven cases on the summons docket time was given to file pleadings.

The sixty-odd cases on the motion docket were called and with the exceptions of the divorce cases and the following, all were either continued by consent or under former order: Sarah A. Johnson vs. Robert Johnson, non suit; M. S. Blossom et al. vs. Henry Green et al., judgment; Winebush Mulhauser Brewing Co. vs. L. Weill, non suit; W. D. C. Richardson vs. W. S. C. R. R. Co., action abated; A. E. Blake vs. A. C. L. of S. C., judgment formerly rendered; Sam'l J. Davis vs. A. C. L. Co., of S. C., compromised; J. G. Wright & Son vs. Elizabeth Fowler, non suit and plaintiff to pay cost; Susan E. McLearney vs. D. McLearney, order to supply papers; Rachel Smith vs. Wm. J. Smith, alias summons; Wm. Brown vs. Mary Brown, judgment against plaintiff for cost; Bertha Jefferson vs. Edward Jefferson, alias summons; Thad F. Tyler vs. Geo. T. Bland, time to file pleadings; Vir. Car. Chemical Co. vs. G. W. Westbrook, judgment, error; Equitable Loan and Surety Co. vs. Geo. A. Craft, error, off; Robert Sweat vs. Amelia Sweat and Eugenia P. Gaither vs. W. W. Gaither, time to file pleadings; Board of Commissioners vs. A. L. DeRosset, judgment; Sternberger Bros. vs. A. Nathan and wife, non suit, plaintiff to pay costs; In re lunacy of Thos. H. Robbins, dismissed; Wm. Latimer et al. vs. N. Morris, et al., judgment confirming sale; Henry C. Green et al. vs. John Stacher et al., alias summons and order for publication; Preston Cumming vs. W. J. Reaves, decree; David Sasser vs. Susan Sasser, continued for plaintiff.

Judge Timberlake left last night for his home at Louisburg. Before leaving he and a majority of the attorneys had a good laugh over how they "did" him on his calendar and his "obstinacy" in refusing to adopt their arrangement. Both sides agreed to have "smooth sailing" at next court.

THE NEW ELECTRIC COMPANY.

Will Open Business in Former Atlantic Bank Building—New Sec. and Treas.

The Electrical Supply and Construction Company, of this city, recently chartered by the Secretary of State with a capital of $25,000, has fully organized by the election of the following officers: President, J. Walter Williamson; vice president, John Frank; secretary and treasurer, T. R. Cooper, of Raleigh; superintendent of construction, W. A. Lawrence; directors, J. Walter Williamson, John Frank, C. C. Brown, J. W. Reilly and E. C. Holt.

The company will open business in a few days with every promise of success in the handsome store room on Princess street lately vacated by the Atlantic National Bank, which is now being remodelled for the purpose.

Mr. Cooper, the secretary and treasurer, was recently with the Raleigh Marble Works and is a thoroughly capable man. The Raleigh *Times* says of him: "Mr. Cooper moved here from Winston about five years ago, and during his residence in the city both he and his family have made many warm friends, who, though regretting to see him go, wish him every possible success in his new field. Mr. Cooper will move to Wilmington in the next few weeks."

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Record of Two Unimportant Sales Were Filed at the Court House Yesterday.

By deed executed and filed yesterday for record, W. A. McGowan, commissioner in a suit in the Superior Court, entitled Mary D. Pittman et al. vs. Joseph C. Pittman, Jr., transferred to W. M. Cumming, for $1,000, the house and lot at the northwest intersection of Fifth and Swann streets, 82 feet on Fifth street and running into the block to James street 150 feet.

By another deed of same date as above W. M. Cumming and wife transferred to A. E. Burton, for $650, a part of the lot described above, 88 feet on Swann street and 81 feet parallel with Fifth street.

Sad Death of Young Man.

Mr. Joseph Bishop, a young man highly esteemed by many friends in Wilmington, died Sunday night at the Memorial Hospital after a brief illness since Friday night. He was sent from his home, No. 314 North Sixth street, to the hospital on Saturday and died very soon after reaching there. Physicians attribute the cause of his death to softening of the brain. He was 26 years of age, had lately been employed at Chadbourn, N. C., but came here to take work with the Angola Lumber Co. He leaves a devoted wife and an infant child. He is also survived by his mother, Mrs. Mary E. Bishop, and two sisters, Mrs. Mitchell and Miss Louise Bishop. The funeral will be conducted at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon from the hospital by Rev. J. N. Cole.

INJUNCTION ISSUED.

Sewerage Company Restrain Aldermen From Further Interfering With Its Work.

SPECIAL MEETING LAST NIGHT

Surprise Launched Upon Board, Which Will Attempt to Retaliate—Caused a Sensation—Proceedings of the Session in Detail.

"Like a clap of thunder from a clear sky," the Wilmington Sewerage Company last night went into the precincts of the Board of Aldermen and exploded a bomb in the shape of an injunction which broke up the special meeting of the Council and which will afford the members something to think about for several weeks.

The Board was called in special meeting at 8 o'clock to adopt an ordinance which was introduced Friday night by Alderman Johnson for adoption at the next meeting and which had for its purport the stopping of all excavations by the sewerage company until all ordinances now in effect in regard to the restoration of streets are fully complied with.

The meeting was called to order at thirteen minutes after eight o'clock—an unlucky number, by the way—and all members were in attendance except Alderman Sweeney. The Mayor read the call for the meeting, setting forth the purpose of same, and everything was in ship shape for a lively session when Sheriff Stedman stepped out of the office of Chief Furlong, went inside the railing and served upon the Mayor and each of the Aldermen a copy of the following restraining order which explains itself:

State of North Carolina,
New Hanover County.

In the Superior Court,
January Term, 1902.

The Wilmington Sewerage Company, vs. A. M. Waddell, Mayor, Geo. Harriss, John H. Sweeney, W. C. VonGlahn, E. F. Johnson, W. E. Mann, C. C. Parker, John F. Maunder, C. L. Spencer, Louis H. Skinner and E. P. Bailey, constituting the Board of Aldermen of the City of Wilmington.

This cause coming on to be heard before His Honor, E. W. Timberlake, upon a motion made by the plaintiff for a restraining order, and being heard, and it appearing to the Court that a cause of action exists in favor of the plaintiff and against the defendants, and the complaint in this cause having been duly verified and exhibited to the undersigned as an affidavit, and it appearing to the Court that the defendants are threatening to take some action, the effect of which will be to practically stop the plaintiff from its work in laying its sewerage system, and that if such action is taken, it will result in irreparable injury to the plaintiff.

It is now on motion of Messrs. Bellamy & Peschau, and E. K. Bryan, attorneys for the plaintiff, ordered, considered and adjudged by the court that the defendants and each of them and their agents and servants and any and all other persons are hereby enjoined and prohibited from passing any ordinance or resolution or enforcing any ordinance or resolution heretofore passed, or in any way taking any action or proceeding the result of which will be to interfere with the plaintiff in the prosecution of its work in laying its system of sewerage in the City of Wilmington, either directly or indirectly.

It is further ordered and adjudged by the court that the officers, agents, servants and employes either of the Board of Aldermen or of the City of Wilmington be and they are hereby restrained from in any manner or way interfering with the plaintiff in the prosecution of its work in laying its system of sewerage; and the defendants are hereby restrained and enjoined from taking any proceeding or action or instituting any proceeding or action the effect of which will be to retard this plaintiff in the prosecution of its work; and persons are hereby prohibited from in any way arresting any of the agents, servants or employes of this plaintiff.

It is further ordered upon the plaintiffs entering into a bond in the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, conditioned to pay unto the defendants all such damages as may be awarded against the plaintiff in this action by reason of this restraining order, which said bond shall be approved by the Clerk of the Superior Court; then the sheriff of New Hanover county shall serve upon the defendants and each of them a copy of this restraining order.

The said defendants are hereby notified to appear and show cause, if any they have, before the undersigned Judge of the Superior Court riding the Fifth Judicial District, at Kenansville, in the county of Duplin, on the 14th day of February, A. D. 1902, why the restraining order herein granted should not be continued until the final hearing. This the 27th day of January, 1902.

E. W. TIMBERLAKE,
Judge Holding Courts, Fifth District.

It is unnecessary to say that the extraordinary methods employed by the Sewerage Company completely swept the Aldermen from their feet. They had not had time to consider the matter of an injunction.

Alderman VonGlahn asked that the ordinance introduced at the last meeting be read.

Alderman Harriss said that he was advised by the City Attorney that it would be impossible for the Board to pass the ordinance in the light of the injunction else they might be attached for contempt. He moved that the City Attorney be instructed to get associate counsel, if necessary, and get out an injunction restraining the sewerage contractors from making further excavations and that the associate counsel be Rountree & Carr.

Mayor Waddell said he was not the legal adviser of the Board but felt it his duty to counsel the Aldermen against hasty action; that the matter was now in the courts and he hoped nothing would be done to react upon the city later.

City Attorney Bellamy also stated that the injunction was ingeniously drawn and the Board could in no way interfere with or hinder the excavations at this stage without danger of an attachment for contempt. All that remained to be done was to await the time for the hearing of the injunction at Kenansville on Feb. 14th and then resist it; that was the only course to pursue and he believed the injunction could be resisted successfully.

Alderman Harriss amended his motion to the effect that Rountree & Carr be employed with the City Attorney to take any action necessary.

There was further discussion of a desultory character and Alderman Harriss moved to adjourn. Alderman Johnson was about to say something but the Mayor informed him a motion to adjourn was not debatable, whereupon he sat down and the motion to adjourn was lost, only Messrs. Bailey, Harriss and Mann voting aye.

Mr. Johnson then addressed the himself to the Mayor to know why the ordinances had not been enforced in the past. Mayor Waddell made no reply to Mr. Johnson, as Alderman Harriss interrupted the proceedings by asking to be excused.

Mr. VonGlahn next addressed Mayor in a harp criticism regarding the enforcement of the law. He said it was too late now.

Mayor Waddell quietly said he awaited the pleasure of the board.

Mr. Johnson was soon again on his feet and said the people of Wilmington desired a statement from the chairman of the Streets and Wharves Committee. He wanted the Superintendent of Streets summoned before the board and a reckoning in regard to the matter.

Mayor Waddell at this juncture interrupted Mr. Johnson and told him he had heard as much quietly as he would stand. He wanted no more of it. He concluded his remarks: "Gentlemen of the board, you have heard Mr. Johnson's opinion, have you anything to say?"

Mr. Johnson moved that an adjournment be taken until the following night at 8 o'clock at which time the injunction matter could be gone into.

Other discussion ensued for a few minutes and Mr. VonGlahn moved to adjourn. The motion was put and carried unanimously.

In the meantime Mr. Harriss had been out to consult a lawyer and came in after the meeting was over. The next movement on the part of the Aldermen now is to have some citizen get out an injunction against the Sewerage Company, preventing any further excavations. This movement is led by Alderman Harriss. Marsden Bellamy, Esq., was consulted last night in regard to the matter and something will likely be done to-day.

The resolution, which would have been adopted last night under any ordinary conditions, is as follows:

"WHEREAS, It is apparent that many of the streets of the city of Wilmington on which excavations have recently been made are now in a dangerous condition, and in many places where said excavations have been covered the filling up of said excavations has failed utterly to restore said streets to their former condition; and, whereas, it is particularly manifest since the recent heavy rains that the so-called restoration of the streets is inefficient, superficial and totally inadequate; therefore,

"Be it ordained by the Board of Aldermen that the Mayor is hereby instructed to stop further excavations until all the ordinances passed by this Board regarding excavation and restoration of streets are fully complied with."

GOVERNOR'S APPOINTMENTS.

Maids of Honor to Represent the State of North Carolina at the Mardi Gras Ball in Charleston, S. C.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 27.—The Governor to day appointed thirty-two maids of honor to represent the State at the Madri Gras ball, Charleston, as follows:

Elizabeth B. Henderson, Jennie Rankin, May Boyden, Salisbury; Alice Jones, Charlotte; Florence Holt, Burlington; Minnie F. Tucker, Mattie Pace, Kate Badger, Isabel Busbee, Raleigh; Annie Kidder, Lucile Murchison, Wilmington; Emily Gibson, Concord; Gertrude Wood, Statesville; Madelon Battle, Asheville; Caro Buxton, Winston-Salem; Winnifred Adderton, Lexington; Sallie Cotton, Cottondale; May Murphy, Morganton; Elizabeth Burrus, Newbern; Annie Wall, Rockingham; Lizzie Morehead, Durham; Mabel Tomlinson, Durham; Janet Dortch, Goldsboro; Mary Bridgers, Tarboro; Pattie Skinner, Greenville; May Wood, Elizabeth City; Charlotte Young, Henderson; Mary Farmer, Wilson; Anna D. Howell, Waynesville; Bessie Ballard, Greensboro; Annie Bragas, Washington; Mary Pruden, Edenton.

Hugh MacRae, of Wilmington, is among the delegates commissioned to attend the Interstate Good Roads Convention at Charleston, February 5th, 6th and 7th.

Wreckage Reported.

Captain Thomas Mumford, of the schooner *Nellie H. Howlett*, which arrived yesterday, reports having observed at 3 P. M., 26th inst., about seven miles northeast of Frying Pan Lightship, a submerged wreck about 150 feet long, one of the ends projecting from the water resembling timber heads. Captain Mumford says the wreck is very dangerous to navigation. Captain Trimm, of the schooner *Mary L. Crosby*, reported having previously seen barrels of naval stores in the water in the same locality, which would seem to indicate that a vessel has gone to pieces there.

— Mr. R. J. Hester, a leading merchant of Elizabethtown, was a STAR visitor yesterday.

Rehder's Rehder's

Wait For Bargains.

The balance of THE JOHNSON STOCK has been removed to our store. In a few days it will be put on sale.

We are going to move at a remarkable low price. At this sale lots of goods from our regular stock must go at low prices to make room for our Spring Stock.

We are sole agents for New Idea Patterns, sold at 10c. None better.

New Lot Carhart Overalls Just In.

We have all sizes. Can fit any size now. Every pair guaranteed. Union made.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,
FOURTH STREET.

Watch for the date of the above sale. jan 19 tf

TAKE NOTICE!

That deposits made on or before Saturday, February 1st, will bear interest from that date, payable at our June 1st quarter.

We have a few Safety Deposit Boxes vacant. Price $4 per year.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company,
108 Princess Street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.
jan 26 tf

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.

Raleigh Correspondent Says Bell Company Intends Coming to Wilmington Soon.

The Raleigh correspondent of the Norfolk *Landmark* contains the following:

"The business men of Wilmington have recently taken action to secure long distance telephone connections for that city. Superintendent Spier, of Charlotte, was recently in Raleigh and when asked about the plans of the Southern Bell Telephone Company for Wilmington, said that that city would be connected with the long distance system reaching all over the United States. The projected line is shown on the company's long distance map now and run from Charlotte via Hamlet to Wilmington and will furnish that city with communication to all the 300,000 cities of the United States which are on the line. He said that no definite announcement as the to time that the work would be done could now be made. The new line is indicated by dots on the company's map."

Mr. Fred L. Pearsall.

Red Springs *Record*: "It affords the people of this place great pleasure to welcome Mr. and Mrs. Fred L. Pearsall, of Wilmington, as new citizens of this town. Mr. Pearsall is a prominent business man, a son of Mr. Oscar Pearsall, wholesale grocer, also a brother of Miss Florence, a brilliant, popular Seminary student. He will continue to sell groceries and be at home weekly. Mrs. Pearsall, nee Miss Mary McArtan, is a postgraduate of Red Springs Seminary, and former teacher in the business course in the Seminary. They will add greatly to the social pleasures of many friends and be a great benefit to the town."

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. J. A. Arringdale went to Norfolk yesterday.

— Ex-Governor Russell returned Sunday from Washington.

— J. T. Bland, Esq., of Burgaw, was here yesterday on legal business.

— J. O. Carr, Esq., went to Goldsboro yesterday to arrange a case on appeal before Judge Oliver H. Allen.

— George Rountree, Esq., left Sunday evening for Washington on business connected with the South Dakota bond case.

— Mr. J. R. Boyd, travelling salesman for Geo. O. Gaylord, left yesterday for a six week's trip through Eastern North Carolina with samples of Spring millinery.

— Mrs. Theodore Empie, of New York, who has been visiting Mrs. Virginia G. Empie, left yesterday morning for Richmond to visit relatives before returning home.

— News came yesterday from Fayetteville that there was no change for the better in the condition of Capt. W. H. Pemberton, who is quite sick at Fayetteville. He is suffering from a complication of complaints.

— Miss Nellie Cook returned last evening from Fayetteville, where she has been at the bedside of her brother, Mr. Sandy Cook, who is very ill. Miss Cook says, however, that her brother was much better yesterday.

— Solicitor Duffy arrived in the city Saturday. He goes next to Kenansville and Clinton to attend court on Feb. 7th. He says it is possible the Kenansville court may be postponed on account of the smallpox contagion.

— Mrs. E. H. Sneed, and children left Sunday to visit in Atlanta until later in the season when they will join Mr. Sneed in Jacksonville, Fla., their future home. They will return to Wimington in May, however, to spend the Summer at the beach.

— Hon. James A. Lockhart, of Anson, is at The Orton, having come down yesterday on legal business. Mr. Lockhart is prominently mentioned as a candidate for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court and has consented to allow his name to be used in that connection.

— Mr. Thomas A. McIntyre and family and party of New York, who have been spending some time at Mr. McIntyre's delightful lodge in Onslow, arrived on the Pullman private car "Cleopatra" attached to a special train Sunday evening at 6 o'clock. They went North on the regular 7 P. M. train.

To Remove Paint

Sit down on it before its dry.

To get whole Wheat Flour go Bierman's to buy.

PURINA MILLS
Whole Wheat Flour

5 pound packages 25c.
12 pound bags 50c.

Aromatic Coffee,
(Parched.)
2 pounds for 25 cents.

H. J. Bierman & Co.,
215 Market Street.
Bell 'Phone No. 33. jan 28 tf

ORGAN RECITAL
—BY—
WILLIAM C. CARL
At Grace M. E. Church.
TUESDAY, JAN. 28TH.
Recital commences at 8:30 sharp.
Doors open at 7. jan 28 1t

The Best Seed Pays Largest Profits.

VAUGHN'S IMPROVED EARLY OHIO.
WHITE, BLISS, EARLY ROSE,
Seed Potatoes,
White and Rust Proof Oats. Get in your orders.
Dried and Evaporated Apples and a full line of Groceries and Provisions.

HALL & PEARSALL,
(INCORPORATED.)
jan 28 tf Wholesale Grocers.

Hinton Bros., Agents.
DELICATESSEN.
No. 115 MARKET STREET.

Samples of our select
Mocha and Java Coffee with Cheese or Meat Sandwich,
will be served to visitors of our store to-day and to-morrow.
The regular weekly consignment of Kosher Meats, Imported Cheese, Lobsters, Smoked and Fresh Fish will arrive to-day. The public are cordially invited. jan 28 1t

NOTICE.

Jurors summoned for Monday, February 3rd, the second week of Superior Court for New Hanover county, need not attend.

FRANK H. STEDMAN,
jan 28 1t Sheriff.

Office of Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

On and after to-day, January 28th, trains on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will go only as far as Wrightsville, except on the 2.50 P. M. trip Sundays, until further notice on account of repairs on trestle.

R. O. GRANT,
jan 28 2t Superintendent.

NOTICE.

Bids will be received by the Committee on Public Buildings of the Board of Aldermen until 12 M., February 15th, for the rent of the Opera House for two (2) years, from June 1st, 1902. Contract to be executed and bond for rent given by lessee. The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

LOUIS H. SKINNER,
Chairman Public Building Committee.
jn 28 14t

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 28.

SENATOR HALE AND MR. SCHWAB.

One of the arguments, and one of the arguments on which great stress is laid in support of the ship subsidy bill, is that without subsidies we can't have a merchant marine, and that a merchant marine of our own is necessary for the expansion of our commerce. If our commerce had not so phenomenally expanded there might be something in this, but with this phenomenal expansion there isn't. We are going right along expanding our commerce year after year, more rapidly than any other nation in the world, including England and Germany, the two greatest ship-owning nations. This is a solid fact which furnishes a sufficient answer to the plea for subsidized ships as necessary to expand our commerce.

As bearing on this point we have the testimony (although not so intended) of Senator Hale, of Maine, and Mr. Chas. M. Schwab, president of the great Steel Trust. In the discussion a few days ago on the proposed new Department of Commerce, which is warmly supported by Senator Hanna, Senator Hale hit subsidies a hard blow. We quote that part of the discussion which bears upon the expansion of our commerce, for which they allege a merchant marine of our own is necessary:

"Senator Hanna, of Ohio, said the object of the new department was to enable the Government to give more detailed attention to the great industrial interests of the country in the course of its tremendous development.

"He said that the time had come when we must expand our commerce or restrict our production.

"At this point he was interrupted by Senator Hale, of Maine, who said that the United States had already captured all the foreign trade worth having. He inquired of Senator Hanna whether he did not realize that as being a fact.

"I do not," promptly replied Senator Hanna.

"Then the Senator and I disagree," said Senator Hale.

"We do," retorted Senator Hanna.

"The record of what has been accomplished by the Dingley law," continued Senator Hale, "is to me the most amazing record ever exhibited to the world in the absorption of foreign trade. We have absorbed the foreign trade in the great countries that are competitors of ours. We have not wasted our energies in a dream of what is called Oriental trade. We do not need additional markets."

Senator Hale represents a State one of whose important industries is ship-building, but he doesn't seem to be as fully impressed with the need of American ships as his colleague, Senator Frye, who is standing sponsor for and is working hard to engineer his subsidy bill through Congress. If, as Senator Hale says, "we captured all the markets worth having," without an American merchant marine, where is the need, or justification for paying $9,000,000 a year for twenty years for something that we are getting along so splendidly without? What gives emphasis to this utterance of Senator Hale is the fact that he is a Republican and represents a ship-building State which would doubtless be much benefited by the subsidies proposed. We do not know how he stands on the subsidy question, but in view of his colloquy with Senator Hanna and his remarks on the expansion of our commerce he would stultify himself by supporting his colleague's subsidy scheme.

He isn't deluded with "the dream of the so-called Oriental trade," for the sake of which we have sacrificed thousands of lives and are spending hundreds of millions of dollars to hold the Philippines as stepping stones to that trade, which would not in a century pay us back in profits the money we have expended and are spending to hold the Philippines.

There are 350,000,000 of Chinese, whose trade, if we had it all, would not be worth to us as much as the trade of a country like England or Germany. The mass of the Chinese population are poor, very poor. The struggle for subsistence is so hard with most of them that destroying their infants, especially female infants, is carried on to a horrifying extent and does not shock the Chinese because they look upon it as necessary. By persistent industry and economies resorted to nowhere else in the world they force the productiveness of the soil, and yet with all their thrift, perseverance, industry and economic methods famines are not infrequent and millions die of starvation. With such a people, where the struggle for subsistence with the average man and woman is so hard, trade would necessarily be of a kind in which their would be but small profit however large the bulk might be. China would make more out of what we would buy from her in ten years than we would out of what we might sell to her in twenty. Senator Hale has doubtless been studying up on the Oriental trade question.

The Oriental trade plea also figures in the subsidy game, but there is about as little in that as there is in general expansion plea, for which there is no foundation at all.

A few days ago Mr. Chas. M. Schwab returned from an extended trip in Europe during which he spent some time in Germany, France, Austria, England and other countries, where he gave close attention to the manufacturing industries of these countries, especially on lines where we come into competition with them. He gave close study to the iron and steel industry, the basic industry, for the supremacy in which the leading nations of the world are struggling. According to an interview published after his return he came back strong in the belief that this country will capture the markets of the world, that all that will be left to our competitors will be their home markets, where we will also compete with them although they may try to bar us out with high tariff barriers. This was not a conditional statement based upon having ships of our own to do our ocean carrying, for ships were not alluded to, and consequently the inference is that we will continue to expand our commerce just as we have been expanding it with hired ships or ships owned by Americans but sailed under foreign flags. That's what we have been doing ever since Republican policies destroyed our merchant marine, which, up to 1860, was the second greatest in the world.

We don't know how Mr. Schwab stands on the subsidy question but we suppose, as he is interested in steel and steel is largely used in building ships these days, he favors subsidies, but after this interview and so confidently asserting that the markets of the world will be ours, he would stultify himself by supporting subsidies.

Here we have the testimony of two distinguished citizens, both Republicans, that subsidies are not necessary to the expansion of our commerce.

DRIFTING TOWARDS ANNEXATION.

Colonel Bliss, collector of customs at Havana, was one of the gentlemen who was heard by the House Ways and Means Committee, Saturday, on the question of reciprocity with Cuba. He showed how we were losing trade with that island under the present tariff, and how our trade might be improved by a modification of duties, which would throw trade this way. From the position he occupies as collector of customs at Cuba's leading port he ought to be well informed on the trade of the island, where it goes to, and comes from and ought to be good authority on that subject.

The most interesting feature, however, of the information he imparted was that in reference to the feeling for annexation, what he says is strong and undisputed. This is not altogether news for we know a sentiment of that kind has prevailed more or less in the island ever since American occupation, and there is abundant evidence that it has been growing stronger and becoming more general. But his testimony is the latest, and the most direct.

There are thousands of Cubans who realize that annexation is the solution of the problem for Cuba, as there are thousands of Americans who realize that it is the solution for this country. It is the short way to settle the relations between that island and this country, which will never be definitely and permanently settled otherwise. It would simply be following up naturally and logically the Platt amendment, under which Cuba can never be a really independent country, but must be a protege of this country, without the power or opportunity to work out her own destiny. Although there would be much opposition to it by the protected interests, which are now protesting so clamorously against reciprocity, it would be the best in the end for both Cuba and this country, the shortest and easiest solution of the problem of the relations between her and this country.

Eight years ago Charlie Inman, of New York, then ten years old "booed" at a servant girl who was coming down stairs, and "booed" so hard that he frightened her so that she jumped into a glass door and cut her hands badly. She valued the damage at $25,000, sued his father for it, and after being in the courts ever since, a few days ago she recovered $2,500. Charlie doesn't "boo" any more.

A Louisville, Ky., man, who several years ago sat on a cushion containing a lot of needles was transformed into a cushion himself. Some of the needles were picked out but a good many remained in and since have been meandering all through him. A few days ago he died and the supposition is that one of the needles worked into his heart.

John F. Dryden, the new Senator from New Jersey, is also a new man in politics, but a man of large wealth. Of course. That's the kind of men, generally speaking, who are elected to the Senate these days. He is President of an insurance company with a salary of $100,000 a year and is worth between $25,000,000 and $30,000,000.

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

THE PENSION ROLL.

The pension roll now contains 997,735 names, and calls for an expenditure of $140,000,000. The net gain last year was 4,206 names, which, allowing for the deaths and removals for other causes, means that 47,792 new names were added, with many thousands of applications pending and thousands of private pension bills before Congress. We are now paying more in pensions than any three or four of the leading nations of Europe combined, and more than any nation in Europe, save Russia, which has a standing army of about 600,000 men, pays to support its army. As a matter of interest we publish the following, which shows how the pension roll is made up:

REVOLUTIONARY WAR.	
Widows	4
Daughters	5
WAR 1812.	
Survivors	1
Widows	1,527
INDIAN WARS.	
Survivors	1,086
Widows	3,479
MEXICAN WARS.	
Survivors	7,568
Widows	8 109
SERVICE AFTER MARCH 4, 1861.	
General laws	293,186
Army invalids	86,504
Army widows	4,489
Navy invalids	2,298
Army nurses	650
ACT JUNE 27, 1890.	
Army invalids	432,481
Army widows	138,490
Navy invalids	15,633
Navy widows	6,621
WAR WITH SPAIN.	
Army invalids	3 344
Army widows	1,981
Navy invalids	211
Navy widows	68
Total	997,7[illegible]

We have still with us nine pensioners of the Revolutionary war, which ended over 118 years ago; 1,528 of the war of 1812, which ended eighty-seven years ago; 4,565 of the Indian wars; 15,677 of the Mexican war, which ended fifty-four years ago, and about 970,352 of the war between the States, which ended thirty-seven years ago. If to these 970,352 the names were added which have been dropped from death or other causes what a showing the list would make.

As we still have on the list nine persons drawing pensions on account of the Revolutionary war, and over 4,000 drawing pensions on account of the war of 1812, and over 15,000 on account of the Mexican war, the possibilities are that with the hustling pension attorneys we will end the next century with a pretty large sized pension roll.

CURRENT COMMENT.

——Mr. Nixon, Mr. Croker's successor at the head of Tammany, is trying to get the New York delegation in Congress to vote for the Hanna-Frye ship subsidy scheme. What sort of Democrat did you say Mr. Nixon was?—*Louisville Courier-Journal, Dem.*

——'Tis said that a rolling stone gathers no moss. However, two of the fattest Federal positions in North Carolina have gone to Messrs. B. F. Keith and Harry Skinner, one of whom has belonged to two political parties within a decade and the other of whom has belonged to three parties. Maybe in these cases Mr. Roosevelt has not played into the hands of the sort of politicians against whom he is supposed to be so set. We say, "maybe."—*Norfolk Landmark, Dem.*

—— In the anti-oleomargarine hearings before the Committee on Agriculture, science has appeared for oleo. Dr. Geo. M. Kober, professor of hygiene at Georgetown University, stated that while there might be germs in artificial butter, they were less likely to occur in the manufactured than in the natural article, as the heat processes of manufacture destroyed any organisms capable of bringing diseases to the human body. And still there are people who are willing to risk the germs.—*Indianapolis Sentinel, Dem.*

——Probably the costliest infant the protective wet nurses in all their experience ever undertook to rear at the public expense is the beet sugar infant. The duty of $19 a ton on raw sugar and $39 a ton on refined puts a tremendous tax on the consumer. The cost of the nursling in the ten years of its existence is calculated by The New York Tribune to have been $570,000,000. No wonder the disgusted Tribune is moved to declare that this protected industry has failed to justify its protection.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

Saves Two From Death.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs W. K. Haviland, of Armonk, N. Y., "but, when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had Consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and to-day she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c and $1.00 bottles guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY. Trial bottles free.

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Statesville *Landmark*: There seems to be an epidemic of mumps in Statesville. Several have had the disease and recovered, while there are a number yet laid up with it.

— Charlotte *News*: Mr. Frank Neely, of Steel Creek, reports several cases of smallpox among the negroes of his section. Since the first outbreak of the disease in Steele Creek, the negroes have been attempting to conceal the fact as much as possible. They have a horror of going to the pest house and this makes it difficult to entirely stamp out the trouble.

— Kinston *Free Press*: Some strange disease has been killing the horses of our farmers in this section and from best accounts it resembles the disease o prevalent in Hyde and adjoining counties. Messrs. Lynn Wooten, R. E. Bland and Z. Edwards have all recently lost horses from this disease. Mr. Edwards is the heaviest loser, having lost two horses and one mule.

— Statesville *Mascot*: Alex. Gibson, a young white man, was shot in the back and killed as he ran from the house of Paisey Folsom last Saturday night, near Huntersville. Learning that Gibson had gone there, Joe and Henry Lowrance, brothers of the Folsom woman, and Will Whitley, slipped on him and as he ran one of them shot and killed him. All three escaped and it is not known which did the shooting. All the parties are well known. Officers [illegible] on the track of the men.

— Raleigh [illegible]

Mr. J. H. Au[illegible]
Taylorsville [illegible]
Brushy M[illegible]
Caldwell c[illegible]
some fift[illegible] miles, than 30,[illegible] takes tries in[illegible] of A. R. [illegible]
Mario[illegible]ile, if any laud[illegible]all is owned cup[illegible]ons who ha[illegible] ag[illegible]d paid for w[illegible]n show grants [illegible] Ited conservation [illegible]

ington *Dispatch*: [illegible] foot for the establishn[illegible]ering factory in Lexi[illegible] Tu[illegible]tlemen behind the mov[illegible] are men of means and there is a probability that the plant w[illegible] erected. —— Near Town Creek outside the corporate limits of [illegible] bury, a snake 8 feet and 2 inches in length and 12 inches around the body, was killed Monday afternoon. The snake was what is known as a python, and it is believed to have escaped from Robinson's circus, which showed near the Creek last October. —— For nearly ten years Enoch Shaw and son, Will Shaw, have been fugitives from justice. They are charged with stealing some tobacco from Jake Curry. A short time after the crime was committed Enoch was arrested; he gave bond for his appearance at court, and left for parts unknown. Will accompanied him. Last week the officers learned that both parties were again in this county, and Jailor Lindsay arrested and placed them in jail. They will be tried at our next term of court.

— Newbern *Journal*: The cabbage crop is reported by truckers to be in bad condition. It is believed, however, that the weather of the past week, with the rains, has improved the prospect. —— The river steamers Howard and Carolina have brought down from Vanceboro and from up the Trent river a considerable quantity of dogwood. Some 20 cords of the wood at the E. C. D. wharf, awaiting shipment by steamer for Norfolk. Inquiry regarding these shipments of dogwood brought out the following fact. The dogwood is being shipped to Norfolk and thence goes to Europe, where it will be used for making shuttle blocks and other articles of a like nature. The dogwood tree is not of a large growth and the logs come in four foot lengths and must square up four inches at the small end. In some cases the logs are cut in two foot lengths so as to get a sufficient size at the small end. The wood is quite heavy but when dried out it becomes rather light as it holds a great deal of water. The material is paid for here and the price obtained is from eight to nine dollars a cord.

TWINKLINGS.

— The Tragedian—"My parents tried hard to keep me from becoming an actor." The Villain—"I congratulate them on their success."—*Tit-Bits.*

— He—It is only a quiet little game. She—What do you mean by a quiet game? He—Oh, one in which money does nearly all the talking.—*Judge.*

— Nodd—Every time I hear that minister it makes me want to be a better man. Mrs. Todd—Why don't you go to hear him oftener? Nodd—But I don't want to lose all my self respect.—*Life.*

— The Missionary—My friend, I am afraid that you do not realize the dreadfulness of the drink evil. The Farmer—Why, ma'am, I never tech a drop. The Missionary—But you raise hops.—*Judge.*

— "In that interview you published this morning," said the angry statesman, "you made me utter a lot of blamed nonsense." "I'm afraid I did, Senator," replied the reporter. "I wrote it down exactly as you said it."—*Chicago Tribune.*

— An unsophisticated old woman asked a druggist the other day if he had any soap. "Yes, ma'am," he replied. "Do you want it scented or unscented?" "Well," she replied, "bein' it's so small I guess I'll take it along with me."—*New York Tribune.*

— He is one of the most resourceful lazy men I ever knew. Why do you say that? Because, instead of writing out his good resolutions, he cut the page for Jan. 1, 1901, from his old diary and pasted it in under 1902.—*Chicago Post.*

— Genuine Game.—So, despite all your efforts, your client didn't escape the death penalty, eh? No, he had to go at last, poor fellow. Did he die game? Literally so; the papers said that a sight of the gallows made him quail.—*Richmond Dispatch.*

— After the Proposal; He—"Do you think your mother will be surprised?" She—"Yes, indeed. She was saying only this afternoon that she didn't believe you'd ever get up the courage to propose."—*Judge.*

— Young Husband—"Don't you think, darling, that it would spoil the curtains if I should smoke?" Young Wife—"You are the best and most considerate husband that ever lived, dear; of course it would." Young Husband—"Well, then, you'd better take them down."—*Tit-Bits.*

— Emil Twyeffort, President of the Merchant Tailors' National Exchange of the United States of America, says: "We have not followed the example of the Trusts, because we are artists, and not tradesmen. Can you imagine Michael Angelo and the old masters in a Trust?"—*Boston Evening Transcript.*

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

EAGLES AS PROPERTY.

Ownership of Birds and Nests Respected by Pueblo Indians.

Among the Pueblo Indians of New Mexico and Arizona there is a property right in eagles. Each clan claims ownership in several eagles' nests which may or may not be near the place where the clan lives. When the nests are distant from the villages where the Indians claiming them live, it has been found that the ancestors of these Indians came in former years from the localities where the nests now are, and they point to the fact that these nests are theirs as proof that they also, by inheritance, own the land round about them.

Driven into new locations by marauding Navajoes and Utes, these Pueblo Indians have steadily contracted their occupied territory, but they still visit the old nests, as their forefathers visited them before the white man came to Mexico. Some of the Pueblo Indians—the Zunis, for instance—keep eagles in cages, treating them as domestic fowl, but most of the tribes procure their eagles by taking the young from the ancestral nests. These Indians keep turkeys also, but neither turkeys nor eagles are kept for food. With the feathers of the birds the Indian decorates himself and his "prayer sticks" on occasions of religious ceremony. The various tribes respect one another's rights in certain nests and the birds which are hatched in them, and a heavy punishment is provided for an Indian killing an eagle not his own.

Sometimes the nests are 50 miles from where the tribe lives, but investigation always shows that the tribe lived once where the nest is. Generations without number the eagle builds his nest in the same spot and rears his young there. So the title of the Pueblos reaches back into the twilight of American history. Those Pueblo Indians speak of their eagles as they do of their sheep, their dogs or their horses. Though the king of birds may be flying wild half a hundred miles from the Indian's abode, yet it is the Indian's eagle.

When an Indian visits one of his nests to secure a bird, he does not take all of the young, but leaves some, so that the breed may be perpetuated. Returning home with his eaglet, he strips it of its feathers and kills it. The body of the eagle is not thrown on the rubbish heap, but it is buried in a special eagle burying ground. The ancient Pueblo Indians used to keep parrots as domestic birds, probably only for their feathers, which were used in decoration for religious services. These parrots they obtained by barter with the Mexicans south of them. It is known that the Aztecs kept a variety of birds as domestic fowls and used them for food, as well as eating their eggs, but the Pueblo Indians seem to have kept their domestic birds for their feathers solely.—Chicago Chronicle.

THE INSPECTOR SMELLED A RAT.

And Detected an Ingenious Scheme For Stealing From a Mint.

The sight of vast quantities of coin has a stimulating influence on human wits, to such an extent that Uncle Sam is kept busy "coppering" efforts of geniuses to "do" the various mints. Some of the schemes devised are so smooth that the government officials are unwilling for their nature to be divulged, at least until the law has been twisted into shape to fit the new form of theft. Time and again methods have been evolved for which no legal antidote is discoverable and which can only be punished by dismissal, not by criminal prosecution. One of the latter types was recently worked on a western mint, according to the report of a late arrival via the Southern Pacific. It was this way: The gold is rolled into strips from ingots in the rolling room and carefully weighed out again. The "in" and "out" figures should tally; so they did until recently, when a sudden daily deficit appeared. Each evening there was a loss of $10 or $20, and the director of the mint grew hot in the collar. A personal search was made of every one leaving the room, but the shortage continued.

Finally, one day the inspector in the coinage department smelled a rat, a real rat, which had fallen a victim to the jaws of a deadfall during the night. Although it was still early in the day, the rat asserted itself until it dawned upon the inspector that decomposition had progressed with remarkable rapidity for a one day corpse. The trap, he knew, had been emptied of another rodent the evening before, for he remembered seeing an employee pick up the thing by the tail and toss it through the small slot above the window.

A flash of intelligence came to the official, and he waited. Later a "stamper" approached the trap, remarking jocularly, "'Nother rat," bent over, fooled with the trap and then tossed the creature out of the window. The inspector was out in a flash and reached the ground just in time to see a "gent" pick up a defunct rodent, slip it into a leather grip and decamp.

The commotion made by the inspector put the employee on his guard, and he threw no more rats.

He was soon dismissed for cause and went away damning his own laziness, for, instead of getting busy and keeping a supply of fresh rats on ice, he used and reused the same fellow until he became faisande and put the authorities "next" to his game. However, he justified himself by saying that was the only rat he had found with a mouth large enough to hold $25 worth of gold.—Exchange.

Sympathetic Ink.

Anybody may manufacture a good sympathetic ink for himself by adding a little gum arabic to a small quantity of chloride of cobalt, the latter being obtainable from any dealer in chemicals. The mixture, when used with ink—a quill pen should be employed—makes a pink script which disappears when dry, becomes green when heated, disappears when cold and is pink again when dampened.

An expedient even simpler when one wishes to confide his secrets to paper and yet keep them is to use ordinary rice water instead of ink. It cannot be seen when dry, but turns blue when iodine is applied to it. If it be desired to make perfectly sure of the destruction of the contents of the letter after it has been read, the purpose may be accomplished by writing it with a solution of iodide of starch in water. A few days later the script will have disappeared.—Saturday Evening Post.

All on $90 a Year.

A clergyman by the name of Mathson was minister of Patterdale, in Westmoreland, England, 60 years and died at the age of 90. During the early part of his life his benefice brought him only £12 a year. It was afterward increased to £18, which it never exceeded. On this income he married, brought up four children and lived comfortably with his neighbors, educated a son at the university and left behind him upward of a thousand pounds.

With that singular simplicity and inattention to forms which characterize a country life, he himself read the burial service over his mother, he married his father to a second wife, and afterward buried him also. He published his own banns of marriage in the church with a woman he had formerly christened, and he himself married all his four children.

What's Your Face Worth?

Sometimes a fortune, but never, if you have a sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin,—all signs of Liver Trouble. But Dr. King's New Life Pills give Clear Skin, Rosy Cheeks, Rich Complexion. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

KINDLY TAKE NOTICE that Ely's Liquid Cream Balm is of great benefit to those sufferers from nasal catarrh who cannot inhale freely through the nose, but must treat themselves by spraying. Liquid Cream Balm differs in form, but not medicinally from the Cream Balm that has stood for years at the head of remedies for catarrh. It may be used in any nasal atomizer. The price, including a spraying tube, is 75 cts. Sold by druggists and mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

COUNTERFEIT BILLS.

An Easy Method by Which They May Be Detected.

"Talking of counterfeiters puts me in mind of one, a notorious rascal, who was caught not long ago in this city while at his nefarious trade," said the ex-treasury official. "The paper money this man produced was absolutely perfect in every detail but one thing, and it seems strange that a man of his knowledge and experience of the art of counterfeiting should not have known it."

Here the treasury official took a $1 bill from his pocket. It was new and crisp, and he pointed out a diminutive letter C on the right under the bill's number and another down in the other corner.

"Now," he continued, "I don't suppose there are ten men in a hundred outside the treasury department who know that these seemingly unnecessary letters are on United States bills. And even if they had noticed them I am willing to bet that not one of them could tell what they signify."

Handing another bill to the reporter, the ex-treasury man asked him to read the last four figures. They were 5,321. The treasury man said almost instantly, "The letter on that bill is A," which was correct.

Half a dozen other bills were produced, and when the treasury man was told the last four figures of their numbers he was able to tell, with lightning rapidity, what letter would be found on each bill. In each case the letter was either A, B, C or D.

"The explanation is simple," said he. "If you take the last four figures of the number on any bill, no matter what its denomination, and divide them by four, you will have a remainder of 0, 1, 2 or 3. If the remainder is zero, the letter on the bill will be D. If it is 1, the letter will be A; if it is 2, the letter will be B, and if it is 3 the letter will be C.

"This is one of the many precautions taken by the government against counterfeiters. You can tell instantly whether a bill is bad or good by making that test. I wouldn't give a 5 cent piece for a $1,000 bill, no matter how perfect it seemed, if its little letters did not correspond with the remainder obtained by dividing the last four figures of its number by 4."

Not Misfits.

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—It seems strange to me, if matches are made in heaven, that there should be so many unhappy marriages.

Mr. Crimsonbeak—Oh, you forget it is the matches that are made there, not the misfits.—Yonkers Statesman.

His Opportunity.

Mr. Timmid—I've decided to speak to your father tonight.

Miss Patience—Oh, who told you?

Mr. Timmid—Told me what?

Miss Patience—That he sprained his ankle today.—Catholic Standard and Times.

A man accused of crime may sometimes excite suspicion by employing too many attorneys.—Chicago News.

Broadcloth was first so called because it took two weavers side by side to fling the shuttle across it.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute			6½
Standard			7½
Burlaps	6	@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ ℔	13½@		14
Sides ₩ ℔	9	@	10
Shoulders ₩ ℔	9	@	9½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ ℔	9½@		9¾
Shoulders ₩ ℔	9	@	9¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
Second-hand machine	1 25	@	1 35
New York, each		@	1 35
New City, each		@	1 35
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ₩ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ₩ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	22	@	26
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	78½@		81
Virginia Meal	80½@		83
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle	1 25	@	1 30
CANDLES—₩ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
COFFEE—₩ ℔—			
Laguyra	11	@	12½
Rio	8	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard		@	3½
Yarns, ₩ bunch of 5 lbs		@	9
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	18 00	@	19 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	5 50	@	6 75
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	6 00	@	7 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ₩ ℔	4	@	5
Extra	4 00	@	5 00
FLOUR—₩ ℔—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 50
Choice	3 50	@	3 75
Straight	3 35	@	3 75
First Patent	5 00	@	5 25
GLUE—₩ ℔	8	@	10
GRAIN—₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	86	@	88
Mixed Corn	81	@	86
Oats, from store, (mixed)	60	@	63½
Oats, Rust Proof	75	@	85
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES—₩ ℔—			
Green salted	4	@	5
Dry flint	10	@	11
Dry salt	9	@	10
HAY ₩ 100 lbs—			
No 1 Timothy	1 00	@	1 05
Rice Straw		@	60
N. C. Crop	75	@	80
HOOP IRON, ₩ ℔	3½@		4
CHEESE—₩ ℔—			
Northern Factory	12½@		14
Dairy Dreams	12	@	13½
Half cream	10	@	12½
LARD, ₩ ℔—			
Northern	8½	@	12½
North Carolina	10	@	12½
LIME, ₩ barrel	1 10	@	1 25
ORE, ₩ barrel—			
City Mass		@	18 00
Rump		@	18 50
Prime		@	18 00
ROPE, ₩ ℔	11	@	12
SALT, ₩ sack, Alum		@	1 25
Liverpool		@	90
American		@	90
On 120 ₩ Sacks	50	@	60
SUGAR, ₩ ℔—Standard Gran'd	4 90	@	5 40
Standard A	4⅝@		5
White Extra C	4⅜@		4⅝
Extra C, Golden	4¼@		4⅜
C Yellow	4	@	4¼
LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	15 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	18 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	13 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ₩ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	28
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	33
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	29	@	31
Porto Rico, in barrels	32	@	33
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	17	@	27
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 60	@	2 50
SOAP, ₩ ℔—Northern	3½@		4
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	8 00	@	9 00
Common mill	4 00	@	5 00
Fair mill	5 00	@	6 50
Prime mill	6 50	@	7 50
Extra mill	8 00	@	9 50
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed ₩ M 6-24 heart	5 25	@	7 00
" Sap	3 50	@	6 00
5-22 Heart	3 50	@	4 00
" Sap	2 50	@	3 00
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon Northern	1 90	@	2 10

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—389 bales cotton.

1 barrel tar.

W. C. & A. Railroad—557 bales cotton, 58 barrels tar.

C. C. Railroad—367 bales cotton.

A. & Y. Railroad—46 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 94 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—24 bales cotton, 1 barrel tar.

Steamer Highlander—361 barrels tar.

Schooner J. D. Pigott—9 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 25 barrels tar.

Total—1,281 bales cotton, 9 casks spirits turpentine, 25 barrels rosin, 597 barrels tar.

You Know What You Are Taking

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price, 50c. sa tu th

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

(Quoted officially at the closing of the Produce Exchange.)

STAR OFFICE, January 27.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.10 per barrel for strained and $1.15 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.25 per barrel of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market strong at $1.35 per barrel for hard, $2.50 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin firm at $1.20@1.25; tar firm at $1.80; crude turpentine quiet at $1.30@2 30.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	9
Rosin	25
Tar	567
Crude turpentine	—

Receipts same day last year—31 casks spirits turpentine, 79 barrels rosin, 466 barrels tar, 10 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¾c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6¾	cts. ₩ ℔
Good ordinary	6¾	" "
Low middling	7¼	" "
Middling	7¾	" "
Good middling	8 3-16	" "

Same day last year, market steady at 9⅛c for middling.

Receipts—1,281 bales; same day last year, 421.

(Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.)

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 70c; extra prime, 75c; fancy, 80c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 80c; extra prime, 85c; fancy, 70c. Spanish, 75@77c.

CORN—Firm; 85@87½c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 14@15c per pound; shoulders, 12½@13c; sides, 13½@13c.

EGGS—Dull at 18c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 20@25c; springs, 10@18c.

TURKEYS—Dressed, firm at 12@14c; live, 9@10c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6¾c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 60@65c per bushel.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Money on call easy at 2½@3 per cent.; the market closed, bid and asked, at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487@487¼ for demand and at 484¾ for sixty days. Posted rates were 485 and 488. Commercial bills 483¼@484¼. Bar silver 54¾. Mexican dollars 44¼. Government bonds strong. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds were irregular. U. S. refunding 2's, registered, 108¾; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 108¾; U. S. 3's, registered, 108; do. coupon, 108¾; U. S. 4's, new registered, 139; do. coupon 140; U. S. 4's, old registered, 111⅞; do. coupon, 111⅞; U. S. 5's reg'd, ex int. 106; do. coupon, 107¼; Southern Railway, 5's, 119⅝. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 101⅜; Chesapeake & Ohio 45¾; Manhattan L 134½; New York Central 160¼; Reading 55; do. 1st preferred 81; do. 2nd preferred 61¼; St. Paul 161¾; do. pref'd, 186¾; Southern R'way 33; do. pref'd 93¾; Amalgamated Copper 73¾; Am'n Tobacco —; People's Gas 100⅛; Sugar 125⅞; Tennessee Coal and Iron 61¾; U. S. Leather 11¾; do. pref'd, 80; Western Union 90¾; U. S. Steel 43¾; do. preferred 92¾; Mexican National 15¾; American Locomotive 38¾; do. preferred 90¾; Standard Oil 648@650; Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., 60; do. preferred, 123.

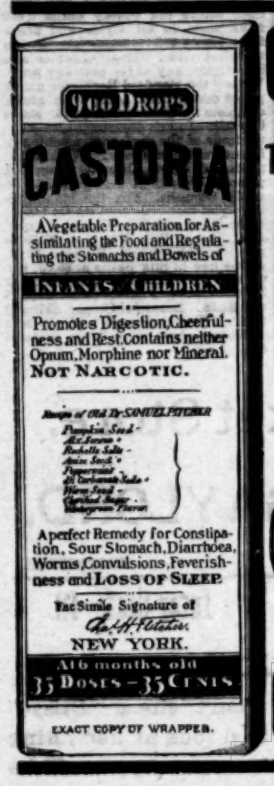
BALTIMORE, Jan. 27.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 24¼@24¾; do. preferred, 46¾ asked; do 4s 84½@84¾.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the

PUZZLE PICTURE.

FIND AUTHOR OF THE LINES.



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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THIS WEEK—

We will sell the celebrated coronet line of Ladies' Shoes in seven different styles

For $2 a Pair,

any size you want. Regular price $2.75. Mention this ad

THIS IS THE PLACE.

LEVI McMILLAN & CO.,

Fourth and Campbell Streets.

jan 4 4f

The Murchison National Bank,

Of Wilmington, N. C.,

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier

Assets $1 000,000.00.

Prompt and reliable service. Security. Every possible facility.

UNITED STATES, STATE AND CITY DEPOSITORY.

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M. J. CORBETT,	R. W. WALLACE,	J. A. SPRINGER,
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jan 9 tf

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Albany, N. Y.

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THE CLIMAX.

The Climax Barber Shop, as its name indicates, has reached the highest point of style and excellence. Give us a trial and you will receive polite attention and high class workmanship.

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Early Rose Seed Potatoes

Seed Oats,

Seed Wheat,

Salt, Molasses,

Bagging and Ties.

Lime, Cement, Nails,

Grain and Hay.

A general line of Groceries of best quality and fair prices.

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Fancy Fruits.

Bananas, Extra Fancy.

Pears, Grapes, Oranges,

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Nuts, Figs, Dates and Raisins.

Give me a call. I can please you on nice Fruit and Candies.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,

104 Princess Street.

Bell 'Phone 660. Inter-State 122.

jan 4 tf

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

SURPRISED BY NIGHT

HOW THE FAMOUS PONY CLUB WAS CRUSHED BY THE "SLICKS."

A Secret Band of Horse Thieves Which Committed Depredations Throughout the South Was Finally Wiped Out by Another Secret Band.

Back in the thirties and forties there roamed over the states of North and South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana, Mississippi, Ohio and Tennessee a devil may care band of men who styled themselves the "Pony club." They were regularly organized, had grips, signs and passwords and duly elected officers. The initiatory oath was filled with blood curdling blasphemies and iron bound benedictions, the penalty being death to those who were so foolhardy as to break it. The story goes that many a poor fellow has fed alligators in Florida bogs and panthers and wolves in Tennessee's wilds for the least tendency toward being inharmonious.

Their plan of operation was to steal a Florida horse and meet on halfway ground and exchange him for one fresh from Tennessee or Ohio; vice versa with one from South Carolina or one from Mississippi, and it was extremely difficult to catch up with the right party. But these depredations became so numerous and daring and the consequent loss so great that the pioneers gathered together and determined to stop their marauding and bring the offenders to justice. So a secret convention was called and a band organized styling themselves the "Slicks."

When a horse was stolen from a community, runners were sent to every county, and thus the news spread until from the Ohio to the Everglades and from the Pedee to the Mississippi the warning rolled along, and it seemed well nigh impossible for a thief to escape with a horse. Notwithstanding all these precautions and watchfulness the club existed and did some business.

During those days Heard, Carroll and Haralson were the dark corners of Georgia, and if a clubman could only get his booty in their thick jungles and forests pursuit was of little consequence. The truth is, the majority of the settlers either belonged to the organizations or were so coerced that they dared not fight them. This is said with all due respect to a great many heroic pioneers, whose honest souls yearned for a better civilization, and when forbearance did cease to be a virtue rose in their might and joined the "Slicks."

About five miles north, above Buchanan, on the banks of the Tallapoosa river, are two old race paths, now overgrown with saplings and brush, some of the trees being as large as a man's waist. The tracks run parallel with the river, which at this point is straight and wide. Parallel with and overlooking these tracks is a steep bluff about 40 or 50 feet high, which completely shuts the track from view, and excepting a small ravine there is no entrance or exit. At this place the "Pony club" had its rendezvous. From all quarters they came here and ran horse races, gambled, danced and caroused generally, and here it was they exchanged their horses to be shoved in opposite directions. No one lived near the place, and the gang only entered it at night, and then only on Saturday night. Sunday night there would be a general carousal and leave takings.

It was years before their retreat was discovered. The information fortunately fell into good, honest hands, and on the Saturday following there was more than one "Slick" winding his way toward an appointed rendezvous, carefully and secretly. The uninitiated thought every turkey and deer in the country was going to be killed, judging from the promiscuous rubbing up, priming and loading of the old "flint and steels." Twelve o'clock! The sentry at the ravine's mouth put his hand to his mouth and "Whip-poor-will! Whip-poor-will! Whip-poor-will!" plaintive and weird, trembled upon the midnight air and floated off toward the swamps below.

Far away up the hills came the answering note: "Whip with a will! Whip with a will! Whip with a will!" As the reply, wafted down the ravine, fell upon the sentinel's ears, he paused and listened. All was still; nothing was heard except the impatient stamping of the horses. He cautiously advanced to the entrance and gazed up and down the stretch of track. Lying upon the ground, wrapped in blankets, were the forms of about 100 men. They were sleeping soundly, most of them being fatigued by a hard day's ride. More than a hundred horses were tethered along the bank of the stream. Some were beautiful Kentucky thoroughbreds; others Florida mustangs. There were all sorts and sizes, but as the "Pony boys" were inclined to be fastidious in their tastes and likes most of the horses were beautiful and well kept.

Stacked in piles were short carbines and rifles, such as could be hidden under coats, shawls or cloaks, and hanging all over the inclosure were huge horse pistols. Sitting alongside the bluff in regular order were jugs and bottles and cups in rich profusion.

The tired forms of the men never stirred; they slept in peaceful security; their sentry was at his post.

Presently a dark form, slipping from tree to tree, from bowlder to bowlder, was seen to pass around to the mouth of the ravine; another and yet another until the whole wood seemed to be alive with phantoms. A wild shriek, a shot, a splash into the river, and then pandemonium for about ten minutes. The "Slicks" had conquered for once. It was a hand to hand fight. The "Pony boys" awoke amid the flame and smoke to find that the enemy was upon them. They rushed into the shallow river and scattered as fast as they could. They nearly all escaped. Not one was killed outright, though many were wounded. Some of the fugitives had to tramp the unbroken wilds in attire like that of Father Adam until they found succoring friends. All the horses and a great deal of money were recovered.

The "Pony club" was finally crushed.

A Frugal Judge and a Joke.

The unpardonable sin which blighted the character of any Scottish judge was saving on the circuit allowance. The circuit dinners were a sort of saturnalia, where dignity doffed its pride as the bottle circulated swiftly. Lord Kames had a high reputation for culture, and his countrymen were proud of his proficiency in the belles lettres. But he looked too closely to the liquor bills, and it was darkly whispered that he counted the "mariner" after each of his circuit dinners. He gave port, which was the cheaper liquor, in place of claret. Henry Erskine, who, like Knox, feared not the face of man, wittily expressed the feelings of his brethren when his lordship asked if there were news of D'Estaing and his fleet. "Confined to port, my lord, as we are," was the ready answer, and his lordship laughed. A pawky Scot, he liked the humor of the retort and was not to be joked out of economy.—Cornhill Magazine.

Bottled Tear Cure.

A physician who has recently returned from Persia says that the natives still believe that human tears are a remedy for certain chronic diseases. At every funeral the bottling of mourners' tears is one of the chief features of the ceremony. Each of the mourners is presented with a sponge with which to mop his face and eyes, and after the burial these sponges are presented to the priest, who squeezes the tears into bottles, which he keeps.—London Family Doctor.

The Rising Generation.

A youngster of 7, describing to his father how a lady caller (childless herself) had jocularly proposed to purchase the little fellow, the father replied:

"But I'm afraid they couldn't afford it, sonny. They couldn't possibly raise sufficient money to buy you."

To his astonishment the 7-year-old promptly responded:

"They might get up a company."—London Fun.

BAD MEN AND THEIR GUNS.

The Short Bulldog Revolver Was Their Favorite Weapon.

"I notice in pictures of frontier desperadoes," said a citizen who lived in the west at the time it was wild and woolly, "that they are always represented as carrying enormous revolvers in holsters slung to the left hip. That is a mistake. The cowboys down in the grazing country affected that kind of a weapon and would catch cold if they didn't have one on, but in the mining regions, where life was considerably more strenuous and the typical frontier desperado was to be found in full bloom, 'big guns' were not fashionable. The professional bad man preferred something small and compact that he could stow away in odd places and produce unexpectedly in an argument.

"The arm that was most generally carried by that class was a squat, ugly 45 caliber 'bulldog' revolver made somewhere in England and imported expressly for the western trade. I don't remember ever seeing one anywhere else. It had five chambers and an inch and a half barrel, and, while it was indescribably clumsy and uncouth in appearance, it was really a very handy and formidable machine. The barrel was so short it could be carried almost anywhere without attracting attention, and a favorite trick was to slip it into the coat sleeve, something that enabled a noted gambler named Bill Westfall to kill a rival ruffian at Gunnison in 1884. The men met in a bar, and Westfall, apparently unarmed, was carelessly holding the lapels of his coat. A few words passed when suddenly his right hand dropped, a 'bulldog' fell into his palm, and he shot the other man dead.

"Another pet scheme was to stuff the pistol into the fob pocket of the trousers. When the bad man wanted to bring it into action, he would fumble carelessly with his waistband, and his vis-a-vis generally woke up to the situation with a chunk of hot lead in his vitals.

"The plan of cutting a hole in the pocket of an alpaca coat was the invention of an Arizona 'killer' named Norton. The loose, light garment would show plainly that there was no weapon concealed about it, and when Norton had his hands in the pockets he was supposed to be harmless, but the hole enabled him at any time to reach down into his trousers and quietly 'dig up' a 'bulldog' which he carried with his loose change. This maneuver enabled him to send several of his enemies to the happy hunting grounds, but the secret finally leaked out, and after that the alpaca coat was regarded as a sign of war.

"Of course, the 'bulldog' was of no value whatever at long range, for the thing shot seven ways for Sunday, but nine-tenths of the fights in that country were hand to hand affairs, and then the quickness with which it could be drawn was a great point in its favor. It was next to impossible, also, to wrench it out of a strong man's grasp, for there was nothing to take hold of. I remember witnessing an affray between a couple of desperadoes at the once well known camp of Carbonville. One of them—a fellow named Jack Hill—drew a 'bulldog,' and the other seized it by its stumpy barrel and tried to twist it out of his hand. Hill merely pulled the trigger, and his antagonist was minus three fingers. That ended the fight."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

A Good Dog Lawyer.

When Benjamin Harrison was in the senate, he often went hunting with Howard Case, who was for many years associated with him in the northern part of Indiana and stopped with an old farmer who for some time had been engaged in a controversy with a neighbor in regard to a dog whose sheep killing propensities had often caused the old man considerable worry. The animal's depredations at last brought his owner into a lawsuit, and the trial was set down for hearing while General Harrison was in the neighborhood, and the farmer, understanding that his visitor was one of the best lawyers in the country, begged him to take up the case. General Harrison consented and drove over to the nearest town the next day with the farmer. His eloquence caught the jury, which returned a verdict for the farmer without leaving the courtroom.

The farmer was greatly pleased at the result of the suit. "I thought you was a pretty good dog lawyer," he kept repeating to General Harrison all the way back to the farm, "and if ever that dog gets me into trouble again I'm going to send for you, 'cause I don't believe you can be beat on dog cases."

General Harrison enjoyed the incident immensely and never tired of telling the story.

Blase.

"Papa, what does it mean to be blase?"

"My boy, it is getting tired of all the things that are not worth living for."—Life.

This is what philosophy amounts to, "I do it, but you should not."—Atchison Globe.

It is said that one-tenth of the world is still unexplored.

White Man Turned Yellow.

Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Hogarty of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was Yellow Jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderful Stomach and Liver remedy, and he writes: "After taking two bottles I was wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merit for all Stomach Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 50c. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

Cures Blood Poison, Cancer, Ulcers, Eczema, Etc. Treatment Free.

If you have offensive pimples or eruptions, ulcers on any part of the body, aching bones or joints, falling hair, mucous patches, swollen glands, sore lips, eating, festering sores, sharp, gnawing pains, then you suffer from serious blood poison or the beginnings of deadly cancer. It is a dangerous condition, but you may be permanently cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) made especially to cure the worst blood diseases. It heals every sore or ulcer, stops all aches and pains and reduces all swellings. Botanic Blood Balm cures all malignant blood troubles, such as eczema, scabs and scales, pimples, running sores, carbuncles, scrofula, etc. Especially advised for all obstinate cases that have reached the second and third stage, Druggists, $1. Trial treatment free by writing Dr. Gillam, 213 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given. Medicine sent at once prepaid.

ASK Druggist for 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

Ely's Cream Balm

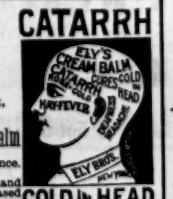
Gives Relief at once.

It cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly. It is absorbed. Heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the sense of Taste and Smell. Full size, 50 cents; Trial size 10 cents; at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren street, New York.

jan 21 tf sa tu th

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ma th thaa

We Are Moving in Line With THE PROCESSION.

Our New Spring Goods Arriving Daily.

A Full Line of New and Fresh Spring Mattings.

Embroideries in Cambrics, Nainsooks

and Swiss, with Allovers and Beadings to match.

Our line of White Goods is full and complete, consisting of Cambrics, Long Cloth, English Nainsook, Irish Linen, Victoria Lawn, Persian Lawn, French Nainsook and Linen Cambrics.

I am sole Agent for The Butterick Paper Patterns.

American Lady Corsets. Her Majesty's Corsets,

A. D. Brown,

Dry Goods and Carpets.

No. 29 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

jan 12 tf

PRUDENT ADVERTISERS SHOULD NOTE THESE FACTS.

THE MORNING STAR

—IS THE—

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

AND NEVER SINCE ITS FIRST ISSUE HAS THERE BEEN ANY CHANGE OF NAME, PROPRIETORSHIP OR EDITORIAL MANAGEMENT.

IT GUARANTEES A MUCH LARGER REGULAR, BONA FIDE CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN WILMINGTON. This claim has never been challenged by any competing newspaper.

For rates and sample copies, address

WM. H. BERNARD,
Editor and Proprietor,
Wilmington, N. C.

COAL AND WOOD!

WE ARE NOW OFFERING

THE BEST QUALITY AND THE CLEANEST COAL ON THE MARKET. FIRST CLASS

Blackjack, Split Oak, Ash, Pine and Lightwood.

Our Wood we Guarantee

To be perfectly DRY, regardless of weather.

Prices, Weights and Measures Guaranteed.

Give us a trial order and judge for yourself.

The Coal, Cement and Supply Co.,

214 South Front Street.

BELL 'PHONE 645. INTERSTATE 72.

nov 24 tf

SPECIAL

Beginning Monday we will sell any TAN SHOE in our house at actual COST.

We have also a lot of Ladies' and Gents' Needle and Pointed Toe Shoes

That we will sell you at $1.50. These are goods that sold for $3 to $5 a pair. Come early before sizes are broken.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

jan 19 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, Pres. JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, Vice Pres.

Other People's Money is Carefully Handled by the

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Absolute Safety is Afforded Depositors by

Assets - - - - - - - $2,000,000.

We want your account. Write us.

ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.

J. W. YATES, Ass't Cashier. jan 26 tf

Bran and Seed Potatoes.

300 bags of best Wheat Bran.
150 bags of genuine Aroostook county E. M. Potatoes.
50 bags of genuine Aroostook county Red and White Bliss.
250 bags of Coffee, good bargains.
150 bags of Rice.
2 500 boxes Tobacco; special prices to large buyers.
500 bushels of Virginia Water Ground Meal.
5,000 bushels of Grain.
2 car loads of No. 1 Timothy Hay.

We ask the merchants of the Carolinas to get our prices before purchasing.

D. L. GORE CO.,

Wholesale Groceries and Drugs.

118, 120, 122 and 124 North Water Street,
ja 26 tf Wilmington, N. C.

LOOK AT THIS.

Fresh Load of Horses and Mules

Just arrived, among them several Kentucky saddle and general business Horses. I also carry a full stock of

BUGGIES, HARNESS, ETC.,

For sale and have lately added to my business a light Livery, new Buggies and stylish Horses. Call and see me.

F. T. MILLS.

ja 25 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

ST. AUGUSTINE AND INDIA SHORT LINE LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa Atlanta New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 1st, 1901.

TRAIN 39	Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:30 P. M., Pembroke 5:46 P. M., Marion 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:15 P. M., Charlotte 10:30 P. M.	
TRAIN 40	Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M., Hamlet at 7:30 A. M., arrives Marion 8:59 A. M., Pembroke 9:20 A. M., Lumberton 9:54 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.	

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10.35 p m	6.35 a m
Ar Monroe	12 11 a m	8.30 a m
Ar Charlotte		9.25 a m
Ar Chester	1.38 a m	9.45 a m
Ar Greenwood	3.43 a m	11.32 p m
Ar Athens	6.15 a m	2.15 p m
Ar Atlanta	8.50 a m	4.55 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.35 p m	6.40 a m
Ar Columbia	1.05 a m	8.40 a m
Ar Savannah	4.40 a m	12.05 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9.05 a m	3.50 p m
Ar Tampa	5.40 p m	8.00 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	11.00 p m	7.40 a m
Ar Raleigh	3.00 a m	1.05 a m
Ar Norlina	3.50 a m	11.06 p m
Ar Portsmouth		
Ar Norfolk	7.15 a m	5.35 p m

Lv Hamlet	10.40 p m	7.35 a m	7.40 a m	
Ar Raleigh	1.30 a m	10.15 a m	11.00 a m	
Ar Norlina	3.30 a m	11.55 a m	1.06 p m	
Ar Petersburg	5.44 a m	3.26 p m	4.55 p m	
Ar Richmond	6.35 a m	5.05 p m	5.45 p m	
Ar Washington	10.10 a m	8.35 p m	9.50 p m	
Ar Baltimore	11.26 a m	11.26 p m	11.26 p m	
Ar New York	4.15 p m	5.30 a m	5.30 a m	

Train 40 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 81, leaving New York at 1.00 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 7.00 p. m.; Richmond 10.40 p. m.; Portsmouth 12.50 p. m.; Norfolk 6.30 p. m.; Raleigh 4.55 a. m., arriving at Hamlet at 6.30 a. m. From train 39, leaving Atlanta 8.00 p. m.; Athens 11.23 p. m.; Chester 4.00 a. m.; Charlotte 5.00 a. m.; Monroe 8.40 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.00 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 7.40 p. m.; Savannah 11.25 p. m.; Columbia 3.05 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.05 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

R. E. L. BUNCH,
General Passenger Agent.

JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice Pres't and Gen'l Man.

dec 7 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'r Trains Arrive	Pass'r Trains Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'r Trains Arrive	Pass'r Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	4 40	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 23	Kinston	10 19	.....
5 40	5 50	Newbern	9 37	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City	8 00	7 25
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 5.06 P. M., and with W. & N. at New bern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 5 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 4.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 4.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 23 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after Monday, September 23rd, 1901 the schedule on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	8 15 A. M.
6 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.
6 30 P. M.	

Freight must be prepaid and will be carried on the 2.30 P. M. train only.

sep 22 tf R. O. GRANT, Superintendent.

"WE WILL BOND YOU."

The United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company.

Home Office, - BALTIMORE, MD.

Paid up Cash Capital, $1,500,000.00

Surety Bonds of every description.

FIDELITY. CONTRACT. JUDICIAL

Judicial bonds executed without delay.

C. D. WEEKS,
General Agent,
Smith Building, Wilmington, N. C.
Correspondence solicited. nov 28 3m

New Goods.

Bagging and Ties,

New Mullets,

FIRST PAT. FLOUR,

2ND PAT. FLOUR,
STRAIGHT FLOUR,
SUGAR, COFFEE, RICE,
MEAL, GRITS, MOLASSES
WHEAT BRAN,
CANNED GOODS, SOAP,
LYE, STARCH, SALT, &c.

Send me your orders.

Special attention given to consignments.

S. P. McNAIR.

au 28 tf

THE LATEST AS TO NERVES AND STRENGTH

It is not muscle so much as the nerves back of muscle which show one's strength and power of endurance. And the study with able physicians of to-day is how to keep the nerves in perfect health and fitted for the strain of everyday living. Headache of every type, nerve weakness, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, languor, restlessness, nervous dyspepsia, muscular weakness, brain weariness, poor circulation,—a thousand different unpleasant feelings and symptoms are due to nerve waste and nerve weakness,—especially in women and children. But how can all this be prevented, one will ask? How can my broken-down constitution be repaired, and nerve strength and full, robust health be secured. Just two points to remember: Determine that you will grow strong in nerves and health, and decide to use at once that most famous nerve cure, COCKLIN. It is delicious in taste, quick in action and makes the wearied nerves tingle with renewed strength and every function the stronger and faculty the brighter by its use. Druggists sell it.

50 cents: or sent by

The Carrollton Chemical Co.,
Baltimore, Md.

TO ANY ADDRESS ON RECEIPT OF MONEY! WRITE US ABOUT IT!

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.
ONEIDA..... Saturday, Jan. 18
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, Jan. 15

From Wilmington for New York.
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Monday, Jan. 20
ONEIDA..... Saturday, Jan. 25

From Wilmington for Georgetown.
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Thursday, Jan. 16
ONEIDA..... Tuesday, Jan. 21

Steamers do not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, General Manager,
19 State street, New York.

jan 16 tf

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 22, 1901.

NORTH BOUND.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY except Sunday 9.30 A M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.40 A. M., Warsaw 11.31 A. M., Goldsboro 12.31 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.35 P. M., Petersburg 5.46 P. M., Richmond 7.40 P. M., Norfolk 8.5 P. M., Washington 11.43 P. M., Baltimore 1.23 A. M., Philadelphia 4.08 A. M., New York 7.1. A. M., †Boston 3.0. P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M — No. 46—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.3 P. M., Warsaw 8.40 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 9.34 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.39 P. M., Weldon 1.37 A. M., †Norfolk 1.00 P. M. Petersburg 3.1 A. M., Richmond 3.57 A. M., Washington 7.30 A. M., Baltimore 9.03 A. M., Philadelphia 11.1 A. M. New York 1.41 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.34 P. M — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.15 P. M., Newbern 8.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY except Sunday 6.00 A. M. — No. 51—Due Lake Waccamaw 7.10 A. M., Chadbourn, 7.41 A. M., Marion 8.45 A. M., Florence 9.05 A. M., Lanes 11.26 A.M., Charleston 1.10 P. M.

DAILY 2.45 P. M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M. Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M. Sumter 9.15 P. M., Columbia 10.40 P. M. Denmark 3.14A. M., Augusta 5.10 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 3.00 A. M., Jacksonville 6.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10 50 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.10 A. M. — No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.20 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.40 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.28 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P M — No. 45—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.30 P. M., New York *3.30 P. M., Philadelphia 6.20 A. M., Baltimore 8.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.40 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.32 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M. Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.15 P. M. Warsaw 4.10 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 10.10 A M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.25 A. M., Philadelphia 12.01 P. M., Baltimore 2.16 P. M. Washington 3.40 P. M., Richmond 7.23 P. M., Petersburg 7.19 P. M., **Norfolk 4.00 P. M., Weldon 9.38 P. M., **Tarboro 7.32 P. M., Rocky Mount 8.45 A. M. Leave Wilson 9.36 A. M., Goldsboro 10.31 A. M., Warsaw 9 21 A. M., Magnolia 8.37 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 9.00 A. M. — No. 65—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 12.30 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY except Sunday 1.40 P. M — No. 58—Leave Charleston 4.00 P. M. Lanes 6.06 P. M., Florence 6.15 P. M. Marion 8.54 P. M., Chadbourn 9.53 P. M. Lake Waccamaw 10.21 P. M.

DAILY 1.40 P. M — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.40 A. M., Sanford 2.10 P. M., Jacksonville 6.30 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 5.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 1.06 A. M., Augusta 2.50 P. M., Denmark 4.26 P. M., Columbia 6.05 A. M., Sumter 8.30 P. M., Florence 10.10 A. M., Marion 11.05 A. M., Chadbourn 11.55 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.39 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.06 P. M. P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.30 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.50 P. M., arrive Bennettsville 8.10 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.30 A. M., Parkton 10.06 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 75, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.15 P. M., Halifax 3.39 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 4.10 P. M. Greenville 5.47 P. M., Kinston 6.45 P. M. Returning, leave Kinston 7.30 A. M., Greenville 8.30 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.08 A. m., Weldon 11.30 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 6.00 A. M. and 3.45 P. M.; arrive Parmele 8.58 A. M. and 4.10 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 11.10 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 12 30 A. M and 6.15 P. M. Daily except Sunday

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 6.35 P. M. and 6.30 P. M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 9 55 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.50 A. M., arriving Smithfield 6.40 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7:00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8:35 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 4.50 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.30 A. M., 4.23 P. M., Spring Hope 11.05 A. M., 4.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 5.15 P. M., Nashville 11.40 A. M., 5.46 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Fee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.48 A. M., Dillon 10.58 A. M., Rowland 11.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.10 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.31 P. M. Latta 6.44 P. M., Fee Dee 7.06 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 12.01 P. M.; arrive Conway 2.20 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.55 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.20 P. M. leave Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Elrod 8.10 A. M., returning leave Elrod 8.40 A. M., arrive Chadbourn 11.30 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 6.30 P. M., Manning 8.56 P. M.; arrive Lane's 7.40 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.00 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.49 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., *7.00 P. M

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 28.

FOR ENFORCEMENT OF ELECTION LAWS.

Caucus of Southern Republicans in Congress—Pritchard Presided—The Crumpacker Bill

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—At a caucus to-night of Southern Republicans in Congress, steps were taken looking to the preparation of a measure to be introduced in both houses, comprising an amalgamation of the best features of the bills already presented in the House by Messrs Bartholdt of Missouri and Gibson of Tennessee for the enforcement of the election laws. Senator Pritchard, of North Carolina, presided, and after the matter had been thoroughly discussed he designated Mr. Gibson to prepare the proposed measure, whose features were tentatively agreed upon. These, Senator Pritchard says, provide for the honest enforcement of the State election laws, give the right of minority representation and means by which the aggrieved party contesting an election case may be heard by the State canvassing board. If he is disappointed with the result he is to have the right of appeal to the district judge, who is clothed with power to hear and try questions of law and fact de novo raised before the canvassing board and to issue the certificate of election to the person having the highest number of votes. This is to constitute prima facie evidence of his election upon which he may be sworn in by the House.

There was some discussion of the Crumpacker bill which reduces the congressional representation in the South on the basis of the vote cast at elections, but the sentiment of nearly all the members present was against it. In its stead the Southern Republicans will offer the measure agreed on to-night. There were present at the meeting, in addition to Senator Pritchard, Senator Elkins and Representatives Bartholdt, Gibson of Tennessee, Boring of Kentucky, Moody of North Carolina, Gaines of West Virginia, Dovener of West Virginia, and Ball of Delaware.

NORWEGIAN STEAM'R ASHORE

Stranded On Gulf Shoals, N. C., With a Cargo of Coal and Railroad Iron. Crew Landed by Life Savers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CAPE HENRY VA. Jan. 27.—The Norwegian steamer Daggery, Captain Simson, and a crew of seventeen men, bound from New York to Mexico, with a cargo of coal and railroad iron, stranded two and one-half miles south of Gull Shoal life saving station, North Carolina, to-day. The ship was communicated with by shot-line and afterwards was boarded by Captain Pugh, of Gull Shoal station, who ran anchors to prevent the vessel dragging further on the beach. She lies in rather a bad position, but it is thought if quick assistance comes she can be hauled off. At 6 o'clock this evening the captain and crew who had refused to leave their vessel were safely landed in the surf boat by Captain Pugh and his men and are being cared for at the station. The ship is now lying easy, still in good condition, and taking in no water. The sea has moderated. The wrecking tug Rescue should reach the wreck early to night.

NEW YORK IN A FOG.

Business at a Standstill—Ferry Boat Damaged in Collision With a Tug.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—This city and the harbor were enveloped in heavy fog to-day. All shipping was delayed, ferryboats were run slowly, without regard to schedules, and on land all trains were late. Business along the water fronts was at a standstill, no attempt being made to move freight.

The Norfolk and Western Coal Company's ocean going tug N. W. No. 2, crashed into the ferryboat Vermont at 1:15 o'clock this afternoon. The Vermont was in the stream and the tug ran into her forward, smashing part of the woman's cabin. The passengers were warned of the approaching danger before the collision and retreated to the stern so that no one was injured. The tug Dalzell took some of the passengers from the Vermont. The ferryboat was not seriously damaged.

COMMITTED SUICIDE

S. M. Kimball, President of Apalachicola Lumber Co.—Business Troubles.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

APALACHICOLA, FLA., Jan. 27.—S. M. Kimball, of this city, committed suicide to-day, using a gun. Mr. Kimball was president of the Apalachicola Lumber Company, one of the largest concerns here, extensive shippers of lumber and owning a number of lighters and towboats plying between Apalachicola and Carrabelle. He was about sixty years old. It is believed that the suicide was induced by business troubles. His health is thought to have been good.

The one great virtue of Burnett's Vanilla Extract is purity. It is real vanilla extract and nothing but vanilla extract. Always use *Burnett's*.

The Senate yesterday confirmed the following nominations: Collector of Customs: B. F. Keith, District of Wilmington, N. C., Postmasters: North Carolina—A. B. Hill, Scotland Neck; G. W. Reed, Biltmore; J. F. Dobson, Goldsboro; McM. Fergerson, Littleton; Octavia McLean, Maxton; J. M. Sitterson, Williamston; Daniel P. Dameron, Clinton.

Job Couldn't Have Stood It

If he'd had Itching Piles. They're terribly annoying; but Bucklen's Arnica Salve will cure the worst case of piles on earth. It has cured thousands. For Injuries, Pains or Bodily Eruptions it's the best salve in the world. Price 25c a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

LONG DISCUSSION IN THE SENATE.

Right of Army Officers to Criticise Utterances On Conduct of Affairs in Philippines.

WHEATON TAKEN TO TASK.

Senator Money Sharply Criticised the Government's Policy in Acquiring the Islands—One of the Most Foolish Things Ever Done.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—An animated and prolonged discussion was precipitated in the Senate to-day over the right of army officers to criticise utterances made in the Senate or elsewhere on the conduct of affairs in the Philippines. At times it became somewhat acrimonious, officers in the Philippines being taken sharply to task for statements attributed to them in dispatches from Manila.

Rising to a question of privilege early in the session, Senator Dubois, of Idaho, had read an Associated Press Manila dispatch in which Gen. Wheaton was quoted as criticising some utterances of Prof. Schurman in a speech delivered in Boston. Senator Dubois thought the President, in the circumstances, would be warranted in reprimanding Gen. Wheaton for his criticism. He declared that such comment upon the action of the Senate was "outrageous and indecent," and that the minority had had quite enough of threats and blackmail.

Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, suggested that it would be wise to ascertain before Gen. Wheaton was reprimanded whether he actually made the statements attributed to him. Gen. Wheaton, he said, was an officer of ability and character and no hasty action ought to be taken in such a case.

Senator Teller—"I don't think there's any doubt that Gen. Wheaton said what is attributed to him."

Senator Lodge—"There may be a great deal of doubt about it."

Senator Teller continuing, said such a situation as had arisen was one of the blessings growing out of the conditions in the Philippines. A padlock, he asserted, was to be placed upon the mouth of every man, Congressman or private citizen, and all criticism of the administration's Philippine policy was to be silenced. He referred to the criticism of Senators who had antagonized the administration's policy in the Philippines, declaring they had been charged even with treason.

"I suppose," said he, "that no Senator after awhile will be able to read on this floor the Declaration of Independence without subjecting himself to a charge of inciting treason."

Senator Lodge said Senator Teller's statement concerning the Declaration of Independence was "silly." What President Schurman said in Boston did not, in his opinion, concern the Senate. The only point was whether a general of the United States army had criticised the Senate. It did not appear from the dispatch that Gen. Wheaton had referred to the Senate at all.

In response to inquiries by Senator Rawlins of Utah, Senator Lodge said he did not know whether newspaper dispatches sent from Manila were censored or not, and he did not know whether the War Department had or had not taken steps to ascertain whether Gen. Wheaton had made the statements attributed to him.

Senator Cormack, Tennessee, questioned the right of any officer of the United States army to criticise either the actions or the utterances of any private citizen.

Senator Tillman, South Carolina, interrupted to say that the general commanding the army had been reprimanded by the President for agreeing with the admiral of the navy upon a question on which "all the people of the United States were absolutely agreed."

Senator Money made an extended speech in criticism of the government's policy in the Philippines, declaring: "We are committed to it, I suppose, until we have a lucid interval, and we are not likely soon to have that." He maintained that the United States in acquiring the islands and holding them had done one of the most foolish things ever done by a nation and he was afraid we should "not have sense enough to retrace our steps."

Senator Hale interrupted to say that the situation in the Philippines will grow worse instead of better and that it is anomalous to mix the military and civil government.

Replying to a question of Senator Hale as to what he would do with the islands, Senator Money said: "Let them go to the devil and take care of themselves, as far as the American people are concerned."

Senator Money, answering Senator Hoar, said that before the United States declared war there were village governments, peaceful and successful in the Philippines.

Senator Hoar said that Washington had declared that that was the test of capacity for self government. Despite, said he, all our platitudinous utterances concerning freedom, the United States had not sent a word of encouragement to the Boers who were struggling for liberty against one of the greatest nations of the world. Our action in the Philippines he lizened to that of Great Britain in South Africa.

In a brief statement Mr. Platt, Connecticut, said he did not want this occasion to pass without expressing his emphatic dissent from the principle upon which Senator Money's remarks were founded.

Senator Platt contended that if the United States had the right to acquire territory and hold sovereignty over it, it would be a stultification of ourselves to yield our rights to that territory as soon as the inhabitants to the territory might demand their independence.

In concluding the debate, Senator DuBoise, referring to Senator Spooner's remarks, said he was entirely satisfied that the Associated Press dispatch was accurate. "No Associated Press reporter," said he, "ever put words into a man's mouth that he did not utter. I have every reason to believe the dispatch is accurate." He said, however, that if the statements regarding Gen. Wheaton were not true the reprimand of the general which he proposed would not lie against him.

After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

House of Representatives.

The House to-day adopted a resolution calling for documents relating to the old training ship Vermont, which was placed out of commission last Summer, and also passed a bill to provide for the compulsory attendance of witnesses before registers and receivers of the general land office. A bill to appropriate $100,000 for establishing homes for the teaching of articulate speech to deaf children was defeated. The House chaplain in his invocation to-day referred feelingly to the death of the wife of Representative Davis, of Florida, which occurred last night.

The House adjourned until Wednesday.

DARING TRAIN ROBBERY NEAR BRANCHVILLE, S. C.

North Bound Train From Charleston Held Up by Masked Men—Two Express Safes Were Carried Off

By Telegraph to the Morning star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 27.—Meagre details of a daring express train robbery near Branchville shortly after 7 o'clock this evening have just been received. As the north bound train from Charleston showed up two miles from Branchville the engineer, fireman and conductor were ordered by several masked men at the point of pistols to stop the train. The robbers overawed the passengers, uncoupled the engine and express and baggage car, went two miles up the road, unloaded the two iron express safes, put them on a two-horse wagon and drove away. The express messenger was ordered by the robbers to unlock the safes, but declared that he did not know the combination.

The leader is supposed to be the notorious Barton Warren, who robbed the express car within a few miles of Branchville in 1899. He murdered the chief witness against him, escaped from jail and has recently been reported as at large in Orangeburg county.

Another Account.

BRANCHVILLE, S. C., January 27.—A carefully planned and audacious express robbery took place about 7 o'clock on the Southern Railway this evening, when the passenger train from Charleston reached nearly the exact site of the successful robbery of two years ago, near Fifty-eight station, five miles from Branchville. Seven men, or probably eight, were on the platform between the engine and the baggage car, concealed by the darkness; none was masked. At the fifty-five mile board two men crawled over the tender and covered the engineer, John Reynolds, with Winchester rifles. The men fired two shots, one ball passing through Reynold's cap. Fireman Cobb escaped by jumping off. Conductor Black, who ran out was also covered and ordered back. By order of these men, a brakeman uncoupled the express, mail and baggage cars, which were taken to Fifty-eight station, leaving the rest of the cars on the main line. Here several shots were fired into the express car. One man climbed up and covered Express Messenger Hall with a Winchester, compelling him to open the door. Three men entered the car and stripped the local safe. After threatening Hall with instant death if he did not open the through safe, and finding he knew nothing of the combination, the safe was rolled out on the platform. Then the engineer was ordered to return with the three cars to the train, and he obeyed, bringing the train with no further incident to Branchville. Nothing was seen of the men or the safe on passing Fifty-eight. There was only a small amount of booty in the local safe and no one here knows the contents of the through safe. No mail or baggage was touched and no passenger was molested. The robbers took their pistols from the only employes who were armed and resistance was out of the question. No measures have so far been taken to follow the robbers.

TRIAL OF LAWYER PATRICK FOR THE MURDER OF RICE.

Seeking to Determine the Cause of Death of the Millionaire—A Physician's Testimony—The Undertaker

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—The second day of the trial of Lawyer Albert T. Patrick, accused of the murder of William Marsh Rice, brought it up to the point where the cause of the death of the millionaire is sought to be determined. The first witness along this line of inquiry introduced by the prosecution was Dr. Hamilton Williams, one of the physicians attached to the coroner's staff who attended the autopsy. He testified that Rice's lungs were congested. Williams said, in replying to a question, "that nothing else than a gaseous irritant could have produced the condition of the lungs. I may say, instead of believing, that I know from experience this to be the fact. Pneumonomia, he said, could produce the conditions he found in Mr. Rice's lungs. He found all Rice's organs normal except for the lung congestion.

The only admission the defence secured from the witness was that many of the ordinary indications of death from chloroform were absent in the case of Mr. Rice.

The undertaker who was called in by Patrick to prepare the body of Rice for cremation testified that he had said to Patrick that it would require twenty-four hours to prepare for cremation, and suggested embalming, to which Patrick consented. John S. Potter testified that Patrick had shown him a letter signed by Rice expressing the wish that after death his body should be cremated. The morning of the day set for cremation he had been called on the telephone by Patrick and told that the cremation must be called off in consequence of a telegram he (Patrick) had just received from Texas, but that it would probably be held two days later. The letter to which the witness alluded was dated August 3rd, 1900. It was admitted as evidence.

WARM WIRELETS.

A dispatch from Georgetown, S. C., says: Ex-President Cleveland and party are having fairly good sport shooting ducks at Ford's Point.

The Norfolk and Western Railway Company, which recently placed an order for 1,000 gondolas to be used in handling its coal traffic, has increased the order to 2,000 gondolas.

President Roosevelt decided on the reappointment of Postmaster A. F. Wills, of Nashville, Tenn., but wrote the postmaster a letter cautioning him against any violations of the civil service law in his office.

Dispatches from the principal cities in Georgia indicate that Governor Candler's suggestions that the churches take up a collection last Sunday for the benefit of the McKinley National Memorial fund was not followed.

Robbers broke into the postoffice at Walterboro, S. C., through the rear door and blew open the safe. They secured about $250 in money, some stamps and a lot of private papers belonging to the postmaster. They left no clue as to identity.

Dr. Lachlan Tyler, son of General Tyler, tenth President of the United States, is dead in New York city from appendicitis. Dr. Tyler, who was fifty years old, had been connected with the Department of Health for several years. The interment will be at Richmond, Va.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

SIX MEN KILLED, MANY INJURED.

Terrific Explosion in a Shaft of the Rapid Transit Tunnel, New York City.

GREAT DAMAGE TO PROPERTY

Murray Hill Hotel Wrecked and Abandoned—Grand Union Hotel Lost All Its Windows—The Damage Estimated at Over a Million.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—The reserve supply of high explosives stored at the Park avenue shaft of the Rapid Transit tunnel, now in course of construction, blew up shortly after noon to-day. The giant blast killed six persons, injured a hundred others and seriously damaged all the property reached by the flying debris and the vibration of the shock.

The irregular square formed by the Murray Hill Hotel on the west, the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, and the Grand Union Hotel on the north, was the scene of the explosion. The buildings named sustained the greatest damage, but the area affected extends for several blocks in the four directions from the center.

The killed were: Cyrus Adams, cigar man at the Murray Hill hotel; James Carr, 32 years, a waiter employed at the Murray Hill hotel; Hein, 28 years, of Ansonia, Conn.; Roderick S Robinson, of Nelson, B. C., a guest at the Murray Hill hotel; John H. Thompson, assistant engineer; William Tubb, master mechanic for contractor Ira A. Shaler.

J. Roderick Robertson, of Nelson, B. C., was killed by debris hurled with the force of artillery into his room at the Murray Hill Hotel. He was general mansger in Canada for the British Columbia Gold Fields Company, limited, and a prominent citizen in the community where he lived. He was a Scotchman and left a widow and four children. He was said to have been quite wealthy.

Scene of the Explosion.

The sunken approach to the street railway tunnel used by the Madison avenue line cuts through Park avenue and the shaft for the Rapid Transit subway was run down beside it at the intersection of East Forty-first street. The street railway approach was housed over with a superstructure used for the operating plant of the Rapid Transit contractors. Temporary buildings for storage purposes were thrown up against the superstructure at the mouth of the shaft, and there the explosion occurred. It tore a great gorge in the street, demolishing the temporery buildings and part of the superstructure, and sent a mass of earth, splintered timber and twisted iron high in the air. Much of it went battering against the front of the Murray Hill hotel, and although the walls and main structure of that building stood the shock, nearly every room in the front of the house was wrecked.

The Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, on the east side of the avenue, fared nearly as bad and had to be abandoned by the management. The Grand Union Hotel lost all of its windows and glass partitions, and practically every front window in the Grand Central station was shattered. The great clocks on its front towers were blown from their cases. Thousands of windows, some of them seven blocks from the tunnel shaft, fell in fragments. It was the shower of broken glass and falling debris that injured the greatest number.

The Injured.

General alarms brought firemen, police reserves and every available ambulance to the district and the injured were speedily cared for. A majority of the injured were treated on the spot and the white coated ambulance surgeons worked for an hour in the debris strewn streets. Police lines were thrown across either end of Park avenue and across the intersecting streets. Several times the police cleared the street of people in front of the Murray Hill Hotel. Torrents of water from broken mains poured into the tunnel shaft while the wreckage was being cleared from the street railway subway and it was feared that the street might cave in.

Cause of the Explosion.

The cause of the explosion and the quantity of explosives that blew up are not positively known. Several causes have been advanced. One was that a fire started near the powder room and that Master Mechanic William Tubbs lost his life in a desperate attempt to quench it before it reached the deadly fuel. Another was that it started from a spark produced by a stray current of electricity. A third placed the blame upon a blast in the tunnel. Still another gave a gas explosion from electrical contact in the trolley conduit of the street railway. It will probably take an official investigation to reveal the true explanation. Several men who were very close to the shaft escaped while others hundreds of feet away were knocked down and seriously injured.

District Attorney Jerome visited the scene and made an investigation of the affair to guide him in the official inquiry and possible criminal prosecution that may follow.

Ira. A. Shaler, engineer in charge of the work at Park avenue; John Bracken, a foreman, and Martin McGrath an assistant foreman, were placed under arrest and charged with homicide. William Barclay Parsons, chief engineer of the Rapid Transit Company said that Shaler was one of the most competent and careful engineers he ever knew.

Damage May Exceed a Million.

The damage may exceed $1,000,000. The first estimate on the Murray Hill hotel placed the loss at $100,000, but later the hotel was abandoned as unsafe. If the building is condemned the loss on it alone will approach $1,000,000. The damage to the Grand Union was estimated at $40,000, and that to the Manhattan Hospital at $25,000. The loss at the Grand Central station was entirely in glass, as was that of the one hundred or more other buildings affected by the explosion.

A Clash in Court.

There was a clash in court this afternoon between District Attorney Jerome and Coroner Goldenkranz. Mr. Jerome was in his office examining Shaler, Bracken and McGrath, the men under arrest, when a policeman entered and under the coroner's instructions demanded that the prisoners appear before that official. Mr. Jerome allowed them to go, but he and his assistants followed.

The district attorney told the coroner that there was no information in the patrolman's affidavit on which to hold anybody and there was a wordy wrangle between the two officials. Finally the coroner re-arrested the men and held them in $10,000 bond each.

All this had worked up the feelings of everybody so much that there was a free fight. Mr. Jerome received a blow in the face from a coroner's clerk, who in turn was beaten by two of the district attorney's detectives. Then the detectives and the clerk had each other arrested, but soon better counsel prevailed and all charges were withdrawn for the present.

COLD WAVE IS SWEEPING OVER THE COUNTRY.

A Blizzard in the Northwest, With Temperature Below Zero—Felt in South. Storms of Snow and Sleet.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—Chicago is struggling under the blighting blasts of a cold wave that arrived last night, the off-shoot of the blizzard that has been raging in the Northwest. In the last twenty four hours the temperature has fallen forty six degrees, having touched eight degrees below zero at dawn. One death from freezing is reported.

All the Northwest is suffering from the extremely cold weather which covers all the upper lake region and the region of the Mississippi valley with zero temperatures. In the far Northwestern States the range of temperature is from ten to twenty four degrees below zero. Traffic has been generally impeded and trains are reported late on all roads.

To-night the wind, which had been a half gale all day, died away. To-night the temperature was four below and falling slowly.

Cold weather is promised for to morrow and slowly moderating temperature for Wednesday.

The most severe conditions to-night existed in the Lake Superior region where the temperature ranged from eight below to twelve below and the wind blew a gale.

The blizzard is also felt in the South. At Huntington, W. Va., twenty-fours of heavy rain has been followed to-day by the fiercest snow storm of the season, which prevails throughout Southwestern Virginia. Traffic is delayed on all railroads. Freezing temperature is reported as far south as Galveston, Texas. A drop of nearly fifty degrees is reported at Nashville and Memphis, Tenn. Louisville, Ky., was visited by a severe sleet storm last night and the thermometer at 3 o'clock to-day registered 13 above zero.

NO SMALLPOX AT CLINTON.

Correspondent Says Nearest Case is Three and a Half Miles—Vaccination.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

CLINTON, N. C., January 25.—Dr. R. E. Lee, county physician, authorizes me to say there is not a case of smallpox in the town of Clinton, the nearest being three and a half miles. Vaccination is compulsory; the scare is over. No chicken pox.

W. E. STEVENS.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fevers is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price, 50c. sa tu th

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for **1 cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **20 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance.

Notice—We have just received the finest car Jamaica Bananas ever seen on this market. Will make prices right. Send in your order now. One hundred dressed Turkeys, 10½c per pound. Call on us for country produce of all kinds. J. L. Westbrook & Co., wholesale and retail, 206 and 208 Market street, Bell 'Phone 447. jan 18 tf

Consumers of Wood will always find the best quality of all kinds and all lengths of Wood (big Black Jack a specialty) at lowest prices at my wood yard, No. 18 South Water street, between Market and Dock. A trial will convince you. W. W. Koch, Bell 'Phone 719. ja 12 1m*

The Dixie Cafe—Most popular place in town for quick lunches, meals and everything to refresh the inner man. Tables always supplied with oysters and game. Orders sent anywhere in the city. S. F. Harmon, proprietor, Princess street. dec 6 tf.

Notice—I have just received car of Jamaica Bananas. Also have Mountain Apples, Cabbage, Sutter, Potatoes, Onions and all kinds of country produce. A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street oct 4 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 7 tf

For Sale or Rent.

The Rielly Farm of 350 acres at Farmer's Turnout. Fifteen miles from the city. Dwelling, Store, Barn and Cotton Gin, etc. Apply to D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent. Wilmington, N. C

ja 26 3t

FOR RENT,

Dwellings, Stores, Offices, &c.

an 22 tf D. O'CONNOR.

Fine Stationery.

My line of Ladies and Gentlemen's Stationery is complete and consists of all the latest tints and shapes.

My Box and Pound Paper can't be beat.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET,

107 Market St.

Bell 'Phone 26. jan 26 tf

Wanted, Furs.

5,000 Raccoon Skins.
5,000 Fox Skins.
5,000 Opossum Skins.
1,000 Mink Skins.

And Furs of all description. Highest price paid. Quotations furnished on application.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

nov 24 tf 18 Market street.

Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON N. C

DIRECTORS:

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Initiation fee, 25 cents per share.
Subscriptions to stock payable in installments of 25 cents per share.
The management is prudent and conservative as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual earnings, including taxes, are only about Two Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

Esquimaux

Don't have much use for stoves. A fire in the middle of a snow hut, with an infinitesimal hole for a chimney, is good enough for them. But such an arrangement wouldn't be considered "just the thing" in this latitude. Here people need stoves and we keep them for sale—Parlor Stoves, Kitchen Stoves, Small Bedroom Stoves, and many odd sorts. The prices are adapted to persons with non-millionairish purses, too.

We have, too, a complete stock of Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Ammunition, &c.

J. W. Murchison & Co.,

ORTON BUILDING.

dec 5 tf

New Hanover County

School Book Depository.

We have exclusive sale of all the School Books adopted by the State Text Book Commission. A full stock always on hand at published prices.

School and Office Stationery.

Artist and Engineers' Supplies. Kodaks, Cameras and Photographic goods.

Pictures and Picture Framing.

Wall Paper and Window Shades.

C. W. YATES & CO.

jan 19 tf

We Take This Method

Of thanking the generous public for their past valued favors in dispensing patronage at

Our Department Stores.

Many lines of Goods have been closed out; many others partly so; yet, there remains

Various and Valuable Bargains

For the economical householder to ponder over. We are now pushing everything preparatory to giving the general public the

Best Possible Footwear Service

To be had at the lowest possible cost. Try us at the

Same Old Place.

Mercer & Evans Co.

ja 5 tf

New Stock Just In.

Mullets, New Catch.

Patent and Straight Flour,

MEAL, TOBACCO, CANNED GOODS,

Fox River Butter,

Candy, Soap, &c.

Williams Bros.

jan 26 tf

"Foot Prints" Tobacco.

"Foot Prints" Tobacco.
"Foot Prints" Tobacco.

Makes the Grocer 14c a pound.

"Cabin Home."
"Cabin Home."
"Cabin Home."

Makes the Grocer 12c a pound.

All hand-made and finest stock. 50c paid in cash (no premiums) for "Foot Print" Tags each. 45c in cash for Cabin Home Tags. Ponder over this and handle what pays you and be your own boss. Sole agent for the American Cigar Co.'s brands of Cuban Blossom, Benown and Cremo Cigars. None equal this on any market.

Vollers & Hashagen.

Sole Distributors.

jan 19 tf

Talcum, Talcum.

Pure Powdered Purified Talcum

in one pound boxes for 25c, two pound boxes 40c. For sale at

HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY.

jan 15 tf 126 South Front street.

FOR RENT.

The spacious quarters on Princess street formerly occupied by the Atlantic National Bank. Equipped with all the modern conveniences of water, gas and electricity. These quarters offer excellent opportunities for the conducting of any class of business.

For terms apply to the

jan 18 tf ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of Grace Priscilla Dixon, deceased, this is to notify all persons indebted to the deceased to make immediate payment to me, and all persons to whom she was indebted to present their claims to me on or before the 31st day of December, 1902, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery.

This the 24th day of December, 1901.

JAMES GALLEY, Commissioner.
J. MARSHALL, Attorney. tu dec 31 6t

IF NOT! WHY NOT!!

TRADE AT WILMINGTON'S BIG RACKET STORE.

We have the largest and finest Store in the State and do the largest retail cash business done in the city.

We buy our goods from the manufacturer—we pay cash for them and save all the discounts and we claim to sell goods cheaper than any man in North Carolina. We want your trade. We have thousands of customers, but we can take care of more than we have. We will quote you a few prices and prove to you that we do sell goods at the right price.

We have 800 yards of heavy 8c outing in pretty bright colors that we will sell for 5½c this week. Will sell you good standard first quality Sea Island Sheeting for 5c per yard, Pee Dee Plaid for 4½c a yard. Heavy yard wide Drilling at 6c a yard. Yard wide unbleached sheeting at 3½c a yard.

In our Dress Goods Department, we have an immense line of heavy goods that we want to sell. A few pieces yard wide satteen we will sell for 5c a yard; 36 inch wide worsted goods that sold for 25c we will sell for 11½c; 54 inch wide heavy flowel skirting, to close out at 38c—closest price has been 50c. Battany wool worsted that is worth 50c we will sell for 32c per yard. Tricots in light color for waists we will sell for 25c.

A full line of Albatross in colors at 25c a yard. A beautiful line of new Broadcloths, 54 inches wide—high grade goods in all colors—just received this week, worth $1.25 for 98c. Fifty pieces new Percales for Spring, best quality, 12½c—all pretty patterns. Beautiful Wool serge, 36 inches wide, for 50c per yard. We have just added to our large stock a full jewelry department—Clocks, Watches, Brooches, Pins, Rings, Combs and everything that is worn by the ladies; 53 solid Gold Rings, worth $4 and $5, we will sell for $1.50 and $2. to close; Gold Scarf Pins, 50c and 75c each. Also have added a nice candy department and a nice show case to show it in: have all grades—cream chocolates at 15c a pound; sugar coated almonds, 15c a pound; mixed candy, 8c a pound; the best quality of candy at 25c a pound. In our neckwear department we have just gotten in a nice new line of Ties at 25c; men's Silk Bows 10c each. Gentlemen's fine Laundered Shirts at 48c each. A big line of men and boys' Winter Underwear to close out. In odds and ends that sold for 50c and 60c will sell for 38c; good Wool Drawers for 38c.

A very fine quality of gentlemen's linen Collars, worth 15c each, we are selling this week for 8c. Twenty remnants of carpets to close out, goods that sold for 50c will sell for 38c. A big line of Matting in remnants at 10c, also plenty of good Mattings at 15c, 18c and 25c. In our Trunk department on third floor, we have an extra large stock that we would like to reduce before the Spring opens. We have them in all styles and prices from 50c to $18.00 each—500 Trunks to select from. Grips, Satchels and Suit Cases, any style and any price. We sell the standard Rochester nickel plated center draft Lamp with globe, complete for $1.48, worth $1.75. Men's Overalls—In this department we want the trade of the engineers, machinists, firemen and everybody. We have all grades, all colors, all patterns and all prices. We sell all high grade, union made Overalls. For the ladies, we have just received a nice line of ready-made Skirts and Silk Waists. A beautiful line of Silk Waists at $2.00; a nice line of black Satin Waists at $2.00. A fine line of Silk Skirts at $5.00; better and finer at $7.50. Nice Walking Skirts at $1.25. Flannel Skirts at $1.75 and $1.98. Beautiful Crepon Skirts at $5.00. We punch cards with all cash purchases and give away presents free at the

Big Racket Store,

GEO. O. GAYLORD,

jan 26 tf PROPRIETOR.

Bell 'Phone 42. Inter-State 42.

HELLO!

Isn't she a "Daisy!" Just look at her. Ring her up and you will be served with the best

COAL AND WOOD!

IN ALL WILMINGTON.

The combined stocks of our competitors are not a circumstance as compared with what we carry.

We are veterans of many, many frosty Winters. Send us your orders and be well cared for.

J. A. Springer & Co.

nov 20 tf The Veteran Dealers.

What we Want

Is your Savings Bank Account. We offer you an absolutely safe investment for your idle funds, pay you interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly. We take any amount, large or small, and extend the same courtesy to all. Why not open an account with us at once? Each dollar you put at interest helps you to earn the next one. Deposits made now will bear interest from February 1st.

The People's Savings Bank,

Opposite the Postoffice.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
jan 5 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

White Dimity.

Another lot of ten cent White Dimity on sale now at

6 Cents.

S. & B. SOLOMON.

jan 26 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.

SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASH GOODS DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for

ROB ROY FLOUR.

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IN ADDITION

To carrying the largest stock of Furniture in the State, I make a specialty of Upholstering, Mattress Renovating, Curtain and Awning Making and Hanging, Carpet Laying, Packing, Hauling and Storing. Estimates made and samples shown without charge. Out-of-town orders solicited.

N. F. PARKER,

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Fancy Ice Cream

IN ALL SHAPES AND FORMS from

One Dollar

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At The Unlucky Corner

NORTH CAROLINA HAMS.

Springfield Hams,
Jones' Hams,
Premium Hams,
Gold Band Hams,
Diamond Hams,
Picnic Hams, Sliced Hams,
Deviled Hams, Potted Ham and Abraham.

S. W. SANDERS.

jan 22 tf